

LREC 2023 MANDATORY COURSE Instructor Manual

This course will consist of four modules:

- Contract Forms Review
- FEMA Flood Insurance
- Advertising
- Misrepresentation

Presented by:



A Louisiana Real Estate Commission Publication

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Course Syllabus

Instructor Qualifications and Background

Roy L. Ponthier, Ph.D., Ed.D., CDEI, DREI

Dr. Ponthier is a licensed Louisiana real estate broker, certified real estate and appraisal instructor, and Director of Executive Training Centers, LLC, an educational services company which offers in-class training in real estate, mortgage finance and appraisal, as well as online training through ProEducate, the company's web-based education division which offers real estate and mortgage finance related courses throughout the United States.

Dr. Ponthier holds a B.S. degree from Southeastern Louisiana College. His graduate training was taken at Tulane University (M.S. and Ph.D.) and the University of New Orleans (M.Ed. and Ed.D.). He holds the Certified Distance Education Instructor (CDEI) certification awarded by the International Distance Education Certification Center (IDECC), as well as the Distinguished Real Estate Instructor (DREI) designation awarded by the Real Estate **Educators Association** in recognition of exceptional effectiveness in the classroom. Dr. Ponthier has served on the faculty of three Universities, currently teaches classes for The Real Estate Law Society of Loyola University Law School and has chaired college divisions of Computer Science, as well as Education. Since 1988 he has taught real estate related subjects to more than 63,000 students. He is a member of five academic honor societies, as well as MENSA, and author of more than two dozen internationally published scientific papers. He was Director of The Center for Computer Education, Inc., which trained teachers in computer science, and was president of Worldwide Information Network, Inc., a provider of Internet and television marketing in real estate. He has owned two mortgage companies, as well as a business brokerage company and a residential and commercial real estate company.

Since early 2009, Dr. Ponthier has served on a work group for the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System & Registry (NMLS&R) to help develop the functional specifications for mortgage pre-licensing and continuing education programs taught in the U.S. He is a member of the Real Estate Educator's Association, The South Central Educators Group, and the Louisiana Mortgage Bankers Association, for which he is Chair of the education committee. Dr. Ponthier's achievements have been documented in Who's Who (Oxford Edition), American Men and Women of Science, and the International Who's Who in Education.

Course Description

The course focuses on four main topics: (1) an overview of LREC mandated forms and updates;

- (2) Review Flood Insurance coverage, risk rating 2.0 and the federal obtain and maintain requirement;
- (3) Review the LREC advertising guidelines and the fines associated and (4) Common forms of misrepresentation by licensees, sellers and buyers.

Course Goal

Real estate licensees will review the recent changes to the mandatory forms and institute best practices when presenting and explaining them to clients/customers. Licensee will understand the major changes to FEMA's flood rating policies and how that will affect properties that require flood insurance. In addition, licensees will review the LREC advertising guidelines checklist and the specific laws referenced. Finally, licensees will learn the most common claims regarding licensee misrepresentation and develop best practices on how to avoid them.

Course Completion Requirements

Students must be present for the full four (4) hours if a live presentation. Students taking Internet based presentations must complete all quizzes and exams with a score of at least 70%. An identity affidavit attesting to the fact that the student has personally completed the course without assistance must be submitted before a certificate of completion is granted.

Vendor Policies and Regulations:

Prerequisites: There are no educational prerequisites for this course.

Registration: Any attempt to take this course under an assumed identity will forfeit your right to receive a certificate of completion and may result in sanctions by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission.

Attendance: Students attending a live presentation must sign in before the course and sign out after the course; this course is a four (4) hour presentation, and 100% attendance is required to receive credit for completion. Credit shall not be granted for partial attendance. No exceptions!

Tardiness/Absences: Credit shall not be granted for late arrivals, excessive absences, and/or early departures. Students are not allowed to make up missed portions of a course.

Course Participation: Instructors may not, in any venue, answer questions of a personal or legal nature, and students should not interpret any information received from instructors or course content as being legal advice.

Classroom Rules of Conduct: To provide an atmosphere conducive to learning, students must turn off all electronic devices prior to the start of class. Newspapers, books, magazines, or any other reading materials are not permitted during class presentation. Violations may result in loss of continuing education credit.

ADA Compliance

Upon request, reasonable accommodations will be provided to individuals with a documented disability to assure that an equal opportunity to participate in this course is provided. For further information, contact our office at (800)966-9866.

Vendor Contact Information

The administrative offices ProEducate are located in Metairie, Louisiana. We can be reached by telephone at 800-966-9866 from 8 AM to 5 PM, Central time or by email StudentServices@ProEducate.com.

Disclaimer

These materials are to be used for informational purposes and should not be construed as specific legal advice, nor are they designed to cover every aspect of a legal situation or every factual circumstance that may arise regarding the subject matter included.

This publication is for reference purposes only and readers and responsible for contacting their own attorneys or other professional advisors for legal or contract advice. The comments provided herein solely represent the opinions of the authors and are not a guarantee of interpretation of the law or contracts by any court or by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission.

Learning Objectives

Review the recent changes to the mandatory forms and institute best practices when presenting and explaining them to clients/customers.

Grasp agency law and the agency disclosure forms. Understand the salesperson's role in establishing and maintaining the agency relationship.

Understand the major changes to FEMA's flood rating policies and how that will affect properties that require flood insurance.

Gain knowledge of the federal obtain and maintain requirements and when it should be given to buyers.

Review the LREC advertising guidelines checklist and the specific laws referenced.

Discuss the most common advertising violations and how to best avoid them.

List the most common claims regarding licensee misrepresentation and develop best practices on how to avoid them.

Timed Outline

I. Contract forms review (50 minutes)

- A. Residential Agreement to Buy/Sell
- B. Property Condition Disclosure
- C. Agency Disclosure/Dual Agency Disclosure

II. FEMA Flood Insurance (50 minutes)

- A. Overview of FEMA Flood Insurance Policy
- B. Flooding and the Property Condition Disclosure
- C. Risk Rating 2.0
- D. Obtain and Maintain Federal Requirement
- E. Best practices in listing a flooded home
- F. Best practices working with buyers purchasing a previously flooded home

III. Advertising/Changes to Renewal Period (50 minutes)

- A. Advertising guidelines checklist
- B. Review the most common violations regarding advertising

IV. Misrepresentation (50 minutes)

- A. Common E&O claims regarding agent misrepresentation
- B. Home Inspections, Disclosures and Misrepresentations
- C. Misrepresentation by listing agents
- D. Misrepresentation by buyer's agent
- E. Misrepresentation and teams
- F. Case studies

PART ONE: CONTRACT FORMS REVIEW

Residential Agreement to Buy and Sell

Guidelines regarding the Mandatory Use of the Residential Agreement to Buy/Sell

§3900. Purchase Agreement Forms

A. The purchase agreement form used by licensees representing the buyer or seller in a residential real estate transaction **shall be** the Residential Agreement to Buy or Sell, or any successor thereof, prescribed by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission.

Stress the need to use the prescribed form. May want to discuss new construction and builders who have their own forms.

Additional Guidelines:

- Licensee may not alter the prescribed form
- However, a Licensee may add addendums or amendments to the form.
- No strike-outs or modifications of any kind can be made to the form.
- Use "Additional Terms and Conditions" found at lines 301-307 of the Purchase Agreement.

Presentation of Offers and Counteroffers

Louisiana Real Estate Rules and Regulations – Chapter 39

§3905 B 1.

It shall be the responsibility of the designated agent who transmits or delivers the written offer or counter offer to document the date, time of day, place, and method of delivery.

Name of Agent Receiving Agreement from Designated Agent	Day Date Time	
Agreement transmitted by electronic	hand delivery other	

These parts of the contract are required to be completed. Leaving them blank is a violation of LREC rules and regulations.

§3905 A.

Designated agents receiving written offers or counter offers in transactions shall annotate the offers or counter offers to indicate the time of day and date the offers or counter offers were received.

	Give examples of disagreements between buyers and	
Signature of Designated Agent Receiving Agreem	sellers regarding items that one party felt should have stayed with the property.	
Comments		

Property Description Section

(Municipal Address)			
City	; Zip	; Parish	; Louisiana,
(Legal Description)			
	on lands and grounds measuring ap	proximately (#	
or as per record title; including all	buildings, structures, component parts,	and all installed, built-in, perman	ently attached improvements,
	ms, all installed speakers or installed sou		
dishes, all installed and/or built-in ap	opliances, all ceiling fans, all air condition	oning or heating systems includin	g window units, all bathroom
mirrors, all window coverings include	ed but not limited to blinds, drapes, curt	ains, window shades, window cov	verings, all associated window
covering hardware, all shutters, all flo	oring, all carpeting, all cabinet tops, all ca	binet knobs or handles, all doors,	all door knobs or handles, all
doorbells, all windows, all roofing, a	II electrical systems, all installed security	systems, installed generators, at	tached television mounts, gas
logs, and all installed lighting fixtures	, chandeliers and associated hardware, or	ther constructions permanently atta	ached to the ground. If owned
by the SELLER prior to date of this	Agreement, standing timber, unharvested	I crops and ungathered fruits of t	rees on the property shall be
conveyed to the BUYER. The following	g movable items here remain with the pro-	perty, but are not to be considere	ed as part of the Sale Price are
transferred without any warranty an	d have no value:		

How do I know what is automatically included with the home?

Component Parts

Louisiana Civil Code art. 466, divides component parts of a building into two categories of component parts:

(1) Things that are attached to a building and that, according to prevailing usages, serve to complete a building of the same general type, without regard to its specific use, are its component parts. Component parts of this kind may include doors, shutters, gutters, and cabinetry, as well as plumbing, heating, cooling, electrical, and similar systems.

(2) Other things are component parts of a building or other construction if they are attached to such a degree that they cannot be removed without substantial damage to themselves or to the building or other construction

Best Practice:

- It must be written in the contract.
- If it is reserved in the REALTOR® Remarks is it not automatically reserved.
- If there is a picture of it in MLS is it not automatically included.
- If it is questionable, ask your client and add it to the contract.

Finance Section

This section provides the financial terms of the sales if the property is to be financed by the Buyer. It provides blanks for financing terms and also the type of loan to be obtained by the buyer. The buyer agrees to make good faith financing application to the lender. This includes applying for the loan and authorizing an intent to proceed with the loan. The buyer shall supply the seller this written notice within the specified number of days on line 87. Failure by the buyer to apply for the loan and submit the required notices allows the seller to terminate the agreement.

60	FINANCING:
61 62 63	ALL CASH SALE: The BUYER warrants the BUYER has cash readily available to close the sale of this Property.
64 65	FINANCED SALE: This sale is conditioned upon the ability of BUYER to borrow with this Property as security for the loan the sum of (\$__\) or(%) of the Sale Price by a mortgage
66	loan or loans at an initial interest rate not to exceed(%) per annum, interest and principal, amortized over
67 68 69	a period of not less than(#) years, payable in monthly installments or on any other terms as may be acceptable to the BUYER provided that these terms do not increase the cost, fees or expenses to the SELLER. The loan shall be secured by (Check all that apply):
70	Fixed Rate Mortgage FHA Insured Mortgage
71	Adjustable Rate Mortgage Owner Financing
72	Rural Development Bond Financing
73	VA Guaranteed Mortgage Conventional Mortgage
74	Other
75	
76	The BUYER agrees to pay discount points not to exceed(
77	Other financing conditions
78	
79	
80	
81	
82	The BUYER acknowledges and warrants that the BUYER has available the funds which may be required to complete the sale of the Property
83	including, but not limited to, the deposit, the down payment, closing costs, pre-paid items, and other expenses. If this sale is a Financed Sale,
84	BUYER acknowledges that any terms and conditions imposed by BUYER'S lender(s) or by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau shall not
85	affect or extend the BUYER'S obligation to execute the Act of Sale or otherwise affect any terms or conditions of this Agreement except as
86	otherwise set forth herein. The BUYER shall supply the SELLER written documentation from a lender that a loan application has been made and
87	the BUYER has given written authorization to lender to proceed with the loan approval process within(#) calendar days
88	after the date of acceptance of this offer by both parties. If the BUYER fails to make loan application, and to supply SELLER with written
89	documentation of that application and BUYER'S written authorization for lender to proceed with loan process within this period, the SELLER
90	may, at the SELLER'S option, elect, in writing, to terminate the Agreement and declare the Agreement null and void, by giving the BUYER
91	written notice of the SELLER'S termination. In the event the BUYER is not able to secure financing, the SELLER reserves the right to provide all
92	or part of mortgage loan(s) under the terms set forth above.

Inspection Section

This section was a major update in 2022. Review with students to make sure they understand the inspection timeline.

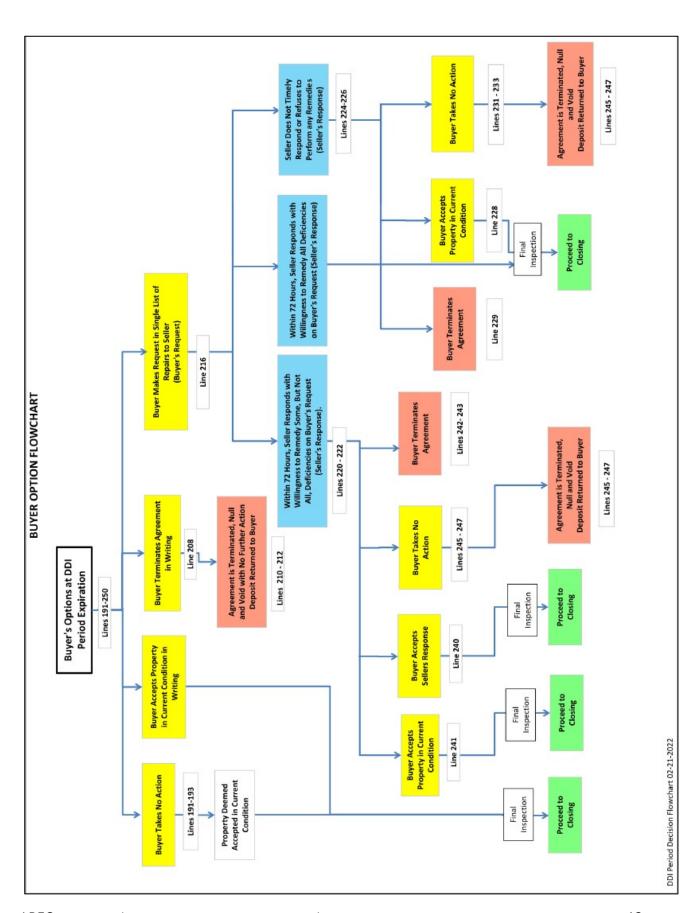
182 183 DUE DILIGENCE AND INSPECTION PERIOD: 184 If acceptance of this Agreement occurs, the BUYER shall have a Due Diligence and Inspection Period (hereinafter "DDI Period") commencing 185 on the first day after acceptance of this Agreement and expiring 186 days after commencement OR upon the date and time the BUYER's Request to the SELLER is received as set forth in line 216 whichever is 187 earlier. The SELLER agrees to provide the utilities for any due diligence and inspections and immediate access to the Property. The due diligence and inspection period will be extended by the same number of days that the BUYER is not granted immediate access to the Property 188 189 or all utilities are not provided by the SELLER. 190 Effect of BUYER'S Failure to Timely Provide Written Termination or BUYER'S Request: Failure of the BUYER to timely provide written notice of 191 192 termination or a written BUYER'S Request as described in lines 202 through 250 below prior to the expiration of the DDI Period shall be deemed as acceptance by the BUYER of the Property's current condition. 193 194 195 DDI Period Activities: During the inspection and due diligence period the BUYER may, at the BUYER'S expense, have any inspections made by 196 experts or others of BUYER'S choosing. Such physical inspections may include, but are not limited to, inspections for termites and other wood 197 destroying insects, and/or damage from same, molds, and fungi hazards, and analysis of synthetic stucco, drywall, appliances, structures, 198 foundations, roof, heating, cooling, electrical, plumbing systems, utility and sewer, including but not limited to septic tanks and pump grinder 199 systems availability and condition, out-buildings, and square footage. Other due diligence by the BUYER may include, but is not limited to 200 investigation into the Property's school district, insurability, flood zone classifications, current zoning and/or subdivision restrictive covenants 201 and any items addressed in the SELLER'S Property Disclosure Document. All testing shall be nondestructive testing.

The due diligence and inspection period has gone through the most significant change recently the major change. In reading lines 184 through 187, the buyers are only allowed "one bite at the apple" and will only be able to submit only submit one request for repairs. Once that request is sent the inspection period ends.

For example, 10 calendar day was input on line 185. The licensee representing the buyer received a home inspection on day three and the submitted the request for repairs was submitted to the listing agent on day four. That means the inspection period would end on day four. The 72-hour review period would begin as set forth beginning on line 202

The inspection period beginning on lines 202 has been spaced out and modified to clear up confusion licensees were having in terms of there not being any end dates. Looking at line 206 to 209 the buyer certainly has the ability to terminate the agreement during the number of days within the inspection period. The major change is on line 216, option two, letter A. "The buyer presents a single complete written list" That means the buyer only gets "one bite at the apple." Buyers agents need to formulate one single complete list and they get one opportunity to submit that particular list.

The other changes to the inspection and due diligence sections address the failure to respond by either party. The LREC has created a flow chart that helps visualize the different scenarios in the second half of the inspection section of the residential agreement to buy and sell.



Presenting Offers

§3901. Timely Presentation of Offers and Counteroffers

A. All written offers and counter offers for the purchase of real estate shall be presented to all buyers and/or sellers for their consideration and decision **immediately**, **without delay**.

	This is not to
This offer was presented to the Seller Buyer by	be left blank. LREC rules and
Day/ Date/ Time AM PM NOON	regulations
	require this to
	be completed.

Licensee must submit all offers to sellers and buyers immediately. Failure to complete this section of the Residential Agreement to Buy or Sell is cause for a fine from the LREC.

§3901. C.

The licensee who presents an offer or counteroffer in a real estate transaction shall ensure that the time of day and date the offer or counteroffer was accepted, rejected or countered are included in the document.

§ 3907. A.

All written offers and counteroffers presented to a seller and/or buyer and not accepted shall be clearly marked as rejected and signed by the seller and/or buyer.

In any circumstance in which a seller and/or buyer refuses to sign a rejected offer or counteroffer, the licensee making the presentation of the offer or counteroffer shall annotate this fact indicating the time of day and date of the rejection of the offer or counteroffer by the seller and/or buyer.

A copy of the rejected offer or counter offer signed by the seller and/or buyer, or a copy of the rejected offer or counter offer bearing the annotation of the licensee, shall be provided to the buyer and/or seller, and the rejected offer or counter offer shall be returned to the prospective buyer and/or seller within five days after the signature or annotation is affixed to the document.

This offer is: Accepted Rejected (without X	out counter) Countered (See Attached Counter) by:	
☐ Buyer's/☐ Seller's Signature	☐ Buyer's/☐ Seller's Signature	-
☐ Buyer's/☐ Seller's Signature	Buyer's/ Seller's Signature	
Date/Time AM PM NOON	Date/Time AM PM NOON	All rejected offers are required by
Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)	Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)	rules and regulation s to be returned to the offeror
Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)	Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)	
		within 5 days.

This section is required to be completed. Failure to do so is subject to a fine by the LREC. The offer must be accepted, rejected or countered. Most violations occur when the offer is rejected and this section is left blank. The LREC rule states your client is obligated to sign if rejected. If they refuse to sign, the licensee is then obligated to sign and return to the other party within 5 days.

Broker Retention of Records

All offers and counteroffers shall be retained by the broker for five years.

§1449. E. (1)(b)

E.(1) Partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, corporations, or other legal entities, foreign or domestic, and real estate brokers shall retain the following records, readily available and properly indexed, for a period of five years (b) Copies of all documents that pertain in any way to real estate transactions wherein the partnership, limited liability company, association, corporation, or other legal entity, foreign or domestic, the designated qualifying broker, or licensees sponsored by same, have appeared in a licensing capacity

Specific Changes to the Residential Agreement to Buy and Sell

Changes to the Residential Agreement to Buy and Sell from the previous version can be found here: https://lrec.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/Redline-Buy-Sell-Agreement-v.-2-11-23-2021.pdf

Property Disclosure Document

The property disclosure document underwent an update in 2021. The updated Property Condition Document is required to be used for properties listed after 1/1/2022.

Below is a summary of the changes:

Increased Page Length

Increased font size caused the document to increase from seven to eleven pages in length.

Updated the first two pages to make them easier to understand.

The first two pages are considered the exemption pages but should be filled out by all sellers. If exempt, seller will now check the box located next to the appropriate number(s) if they are exempt. If sellers are not exempt, they are to check the box located next to number 15.

Added additional signature lines and initial lines for both buyer and seller.

The signature lies on page two of the exemption section as well as the last page of the document increase from two lines per buyer/seller to four. In addition, the spaces for initials on each page increased from two to four as well.

Rearranged flood questions into a "Flood" section.

There were questions regarding flood that were asked in various places throughout previous version for the Property Disclosure Document. Those questions have been consolidated into a specific section - Section 6: Flood, Flood Assistance, and Flood Insurance.

Residential Property Disclosure Form (effective 01-01-23)

Per Act No. 581 of the 2022 Regular Session of the Legislature, the Residential Property Disclosure Form has been updated to include an additional question (No. 45) regarding restrictive covenants and/or building restrictions of the subject property. This form is available for use now and will become mandatory on January 1, 2023.

(45) Is the property subject to a common regime of restrictive covenants or building restrictions or both?

Restrictive Covenants

Building Restrictions

TY N NK

Both

NK

A comparison between the previous version to the current version can be found here: https://lrec.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/PDD-Final-RedLine-11-21.pdf

Agency Disclosure

What is Agency?

Agency disclosure is a topic that has not been covered in a few years. You may want to spend extra time here.

Agency is a relationship in which a real estate broker or licensee represents a client by the client's consent, whether expressed or implied, in an immovable property transaction. An agency relationship is formed when a real estate licensee works for a buyer/seller in their best interest and represents them.

Agency relationships can be formed with buyers/sellers and lessors/lessees.

Presentation of Agency Disclosure

The agency disclosure must be presented at **first substantive contact**.

What is substantive contact?

That point in any conversation where confidential information is solicited or received. This includes any specific financial qualifications of the consumer or the motives or objectives in which the consumer may divulge any confidential, personal, or financial information, which, if disclosed to the other party to the transaction, could harm the party's bargaining position. This includes any electronic contact, electronic mail, or any other form of electronic transmission

Rules and Regulations Chapter 37 - §3703. D.

- Provide to prospective sellers/lessors and buyers/lessees.
- At the time when substantive contact is made.
- Ensure that the recipient signs and dates the pamphlet or form.
- The licensee shall sign as a witness to the signature of the recipient.
- The licensee shall retain the signed pamphlet or a copy of the form for five years.

Ask students:

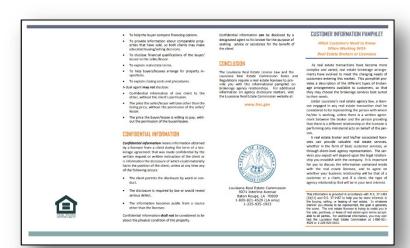
When was the last time you read what was in these forms?

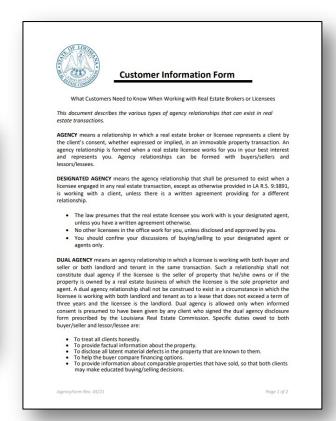
What questions do you get from your clients?

There are two forms that are acceptable – The Agency Disclosure Informational Pamphlet or the Agency Disclosure Form. They can be found here:

Agency Disclosure Form: https://lrec.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/Agency-Disclosure-Form.pdf

Agency Disclosure Informational Pamphlet: https://lrec.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/Agency-Disclosure-Pamphlet.pdf





Agency Terms and Concepts

Customer - a person who is not being represented by a licensee but for whom the licensee is performing ministerial acts.

Client - one who engages the professional advice and services of a licensee as his agent.

Designated Agency - the agency relationship that shall be presumed to exist when a licensee engaged in any real estate transaction, except ministerial acts, is working with a client, unless there is a written agreement providing for a different relationship.

Stress that this is

Louisiana's default agency position.

Excerpt from the Agency Disclosure Form

The law presumes that the real estate licensee you work with is your designated agent, unless you have a written agreement otherwise.

No other licensees in the office work for you, unless disclosed and approved by you.

You should confine your discussions of buying/selling to your designated agent or agents only.

Ministerial Acts - Those acts that a licensee may perform for a person that are informative in nature. Examples of these acts include but are not limited to:

- Responding to phone inquiries by persons as to the availability and pricing of brokerage services.
- Responding to phone inquiries from a person concerning the price or location of property.
- Conducting an open house and responding to questions about the property from a person.
- Setting an appointment to view property.
- Responding to questions from persons walking into a licensee's office concerning brokerage services offered or particular properties.
- Accompanying an appraiser, inspector, contractor, or similar third party on a visit to a property.
- Describing a property or the property's condition in response to a person's inquiry.
- Completing business or factual information for a person represented by another licensee on an offer or contract to purchase.
- Showing a person through a property being sold by an owner on his or her own behalf.
- Referral to another broker or service provider.

Confidential Information - information obtained by a licensee from a client during the term of a brokerage agreement that was made confidential by the written request or written instruction of the client or is information the disclosure of which could materially harm the position of the client, unless at any time any of the following occur:

- The client permits the disclosure by word or conduct.
- The disclosure is required by law or would reveal serious defect.
- The information became public from a source other than the licensee.

Compensation vs. Representation

§ 3896. The payment or promise of payment of compensation to a broker is not determinative of whether an agency relationship has been created.

Compensation and representation are not the same thing.

Dual Agency

Dual agency is an agency relationship in which a licensee is working with both buyer and seller or both landlord and tenant in the same transaction. Such a relationship shall not constitute dual agency if the licensee is the seller of property that he/she owns or if the property is owned by a real estate business of which the licensee is the sole proprietor and agent. A dual agency relationship shall not be construed to exist in a circumstance in which the licensee is working with both landlord and tenant as to a lease that does not exceed a term of three years and the licensee is the landlord. Dual agency is allowed only when informed consent is presumed to have been given by any client who signed the dual agency disclosure form prescribed by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission. Specific duties owed to both buyer/seller and lessor/lessee are:

- To treat all clients honestly.
- To provide factual information about the property.
- To disclose all latent material defects in the property that are known to them.
- To help the buyer compare financing options.
- To provide information about comparable properties that have sold, so that both clients may make educated buying/selling decisions.20
- To disclose financial qualifications to the buyer/lessee to the seller/lessor.
- To explain real estate terms.
- To help buyers/lessees arrange for property inspections
- To explain closing costs and procedures.

Dual agency Disclosure must be given before acting as a Dual agent.

Can I be a dual agent on a property I own or intend to purchase?

No. According to number nine 9 of the 36 ways to lose your license, a relationship "shall not constitute dual agency if the licensee is the seller or lessor of property that he owns or if the property is owned by a real estate business of which the licensee is the sole proprietor and agent and the same is disclosed to the buyer or tenant."

Exceptions to dual agency disclosure

"A dual agency relationship shall not be construed to exist in a circumstance in which the licensee is working with both landlord and tenant as to a lease which does not exceed a term of three years and the licensee is the landlord." R.S. 9:3891, R.S. 9:3897

Dual Agency Disclosure

The Dual Agency Disclosure form can be found here: https://lrec.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/Agency-Disclosure-Dual-Agent.pdf

PART TWO: FLOOD INSURANCE

Introduction to Flood Insurance

Floods can cause significant damage to property. A flood brings water, mud, contaminants and high pressure into a building, and can result in a building's total destruction. A flood can destroy a building's foundations and reshape the land on which a building rests, causing structural damage. The devastation floods can cause motivated Congress to act in 1968 to develop a National Flood Insurance Program.

Limitations of Private Insurance

Homeowners and Commercial Property insurance excludes coverage for damage due to flooding. For example, the following exclusion is found in the Homeowner's form:

Exclusions – Water Damage

Water damage means:

Flood insurance exists because it is excluded in property insurance policies.

- 1. flood, surface water, waves, tidal water, overflow of a body of water, or spray from any of these, whether or not driven by wind;
- 2. water which backs up through sewers or drains, or which overflows through a sump; or
- 3. water below the surface of the ground, including water which exerts pressure on or seeps or leaks through a building, sidewalk, driveway, foundation, swimming pool or other structure.

The Commercial Property Form excludes from its causes of loss water, including flooding, mudslide, water under the ground that seeps through floors, etc.

Insurability

The reason flooding is excluded from these coverages is because in order for a risk to be insurable, it must not occur to a large number of people simultaneously, or there will not be sufficient premiums collected to pay for the loss. This is also one of the reasons war is an exclusion from property policies. If a flood or a war occurs, everyone in an area is affected, and an insurer would not be able to cover the losses.

Besides the difficulty of insuring for a risk that happens to many people simultaneously, another reason private flood insurance is not available is because some areas are more at risk of flooding, some areas are more susceptible to flooding than others. People living along a stretch of the Mississippi that has a history of flooding are more at risk from flood damage than those living in the middle of New York City, for example. If private flood insurance were available, the people living along the Mississippi would all want to buy it and no one living in the middle of New York City would buy it. Therefore, only high-risk insureds would purchase the coverage, causing premiums to be unaffordable for most. This condition is known as "adverse selection."

Because of these factors, private insurers have been unwilling to offer flood coverage. Due to mounting costs to citizens due to flooding, Congress voted to create a federal flood insurance program in 1968, under the National Flood Insurance Act.

National Flood Insurance Program

Over 95% of policies are NFIP policies.

Under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), individuals and businesses are able to purchase flood insurance at rates subsidized by the federal government. The program is administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

FEMA determines the risk of flood in various locations across the United States. The areas are mapped and assigned a flood risk category. The risk of flood is based on many factors, including past history of flooding and hydraulic and hydrologic studies. In certain risk categories assigned by FEMA, known as *Special Flood Hazard Areas*, homeowners and businesses are required to purchase flood insurance if they use federally guaranteed financing for their buildings and property. Many private lenders also require flood insurance as a condition of a loan to businesses and homeowners in the higher risk flood zones, as well.

Community Participation

In order to purchase flood insurance, a community must agree to participate in the National Flood Insurance Program. Any community may participate. The community must then comply with land use and flood control measures. When a community first agrees to participate in the program, limited amounts of flood insurance coverage may be purchased. Once the community meets the program's flood control standards and a detailed flood risk study is completed, higher limits of insurance are available.

Special Flood Hazard Areas

As mentioned, those homeowners or businesses located in a Special Flood Hazard Area, may be required to purchase flood insurance if they receive federally guaranteed financing, such as through the VA or through FHA. A Special Flood Hazard Area is land within a community in a floodplain that is most likely to be subject to severe flooding.

Private Insurers

Most flood insurance is purchased directly through the NFIP. All Property and Casualty agents are eligible to write directly with the NFIP. However, private insurers are offered incentives to provide flood insurance as well. The federal government reinsures the policies issued by private insurers for 100% of the loss. The private insurers sell the policies, collect premiums, process claims and provide servicing, and keep and invest a portion of the premiums for these activities.

National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)

The National Flood insurance program provides important protection to individuals and businesses across the United States. Floods are the number one natural hazard that occurs in the U.S. FEMA reports that the NFIP helps reduce flood damage by almost \$1 billion per year.

Community Eligibility

In order to be issued a flood insurance policy, an individual must live in a community that has been designated by FEMA as participating in the National Flood Insurance Program. In recent years, FEMA's standards for designating participants have relaxed, so that more areas and building types are eligible for coverage. More than 19,000 communities participate in the NFIP program.

Flood Zone Classifications

High Risk Area - Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) - There is at least a 1 in 4 chance of flooding during a 30-year mortgage. All home and business owners are <u>required</u> to buy flood insurance. Shown on maps beginning with 'A' or 'V'

Moderate to Low Risk Area - Non-special Flood Hazard Area (NSFHA) – Risk of flooding is reduced but not completely removed. These areas submit more than 20 percent of National Flood Insurance Program claims. Shown on maps beginning with 'B', 'C' or 'X' (or a shaded X)

Undetermined Risk Areas – Possible flooding but undetermined flood hazards or unstudied areas. Rates reflect the uncertainty of the flood risk. Shown on maps beginning with 'D.'

Risk Rating 2.0 FEMA's new rating system.

FEMA has updated the NFIP risk rating methodology through the implementation of a new pricing methodology called Risk Rating 2.0. The methodology leverages industry best practices and cutting-edge technology to enable FEMA to deliver rates that are actuarily sound, equitable, easier to understand and better reflect a property's flood risk.

What has changed under Risk Rating 2.0

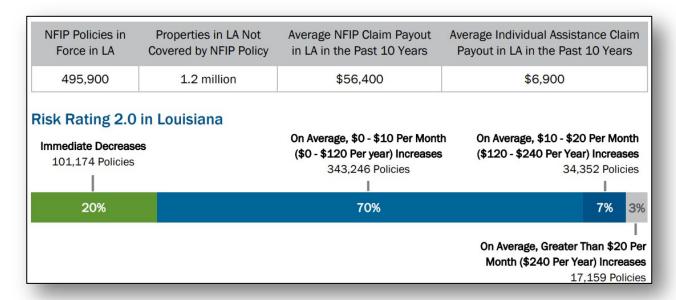
Spend some time here.

This is the largest change to flood insurance since its inception.

New rates

According to FEMA, "policyholders with lower-valued homes are paying more than their share of the risk while policyholders with higher-valued homes are paying less than their share of the risk. Because Risk Rating 2.0 considers rebuilding costs, FEMA can equitably

distribute premiums across all policyholders based on home value and a property's unique flood risk."



New methodology for determining rates

According to FEMA, with Risk Rating 2.0, "FEMA now has the capability and tools to address rating disparities by incorporating more flood risk variables. These include flood frequency, multiple flood types—river overflow, storm surge, coastal erosion and heavy rainfall—and distance to a water source along with property characteristics such as elevation and the cost to rebuild."



What has not changed under Risk Rating 2.0

Even though the rates may have increased, they will not increase more than 18% per year.

Limiting Annual Premium Increases

Existing statutory limits on rate increases require that most rates not increase more than 18% per year.

Using Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) for Mandatory Purchase and Floodplain Management

FEMA's flood map data informs the catastrophe models used in the development of rates under Risk Rating 2.0. That is why critical flood mapping data is necessary and essential for communities. It informs floodplain management building requirements and the mandatory purchase requirement.

Maintaining Features

FEMA is maintaining features to simplify the transition to Risk Rating 2.0 by offering premium discounts to eligible policyholders. This means:

Subsidized rates for pre-FIRM properties

FEMA is continuing to offer premium discounts for pre-FIRM subsidized and newly mapped properties.

Assumption of NFIP policies

Policyholders are still able to transfer their discount to a new owner by assigning their flood insurance policy when their property changes ownership.

Types of NFIP Flood Policies

There is more than one type of flood policy issued by FEMA.

Standard Flood Insurance Policy

The Standard Flood Policy is issued to non-preferred risks. It includes a Dwelling Form, a General Property Form and a Residential Condominium Building Association Policy Form.

Preferred Risk Policy

Properties in low to moderate-risk flood zones B, C and X may be issued a preferred risk policy. The coverage is lower cost than the Standard Policy. Eligibility is based on being part of a moderate-risk flood zone and on loss history.

Residential Condominium Building Association Policy

Condominiums can obtain coverage through the Residential Condominium Building Association covers contents owned in common.

Policy. It covers the common elements and all structural items of the units within a building. It also This helps licensees understand how rates can be different and what may be covered under flood insurance.

Covered Buildings under NFIP Policies

Many different types of buildings may be covered by NFIP insurance. All structures that are covered must meet the following criteria:

- The structure must have two or more outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof that is affixed to a permanent site
- The buildings must resist flotation, collapse and lateral movement
- At least 51% of the actual cash value of buildings, including machinery and equipment that are part of the buildings, must generally be above ground level.

Detached Garages

A detached garage at the described location in the policy can be covered under the Dwelling Form. Coverage cannot exceed 10% of the limit of liability on the dwelling, and this amount reduces the limit of liability on the building. To be covered, the garage may not be used or held for use as a dwelling, or for business or farming purpose.

Manufactured (Mobile) Homes / Travel Trailers

Manufactured homes and travel trailers can be covered by NFIP policies. A manufactured home is defined as a structure built on a permanent chassis, transported to its site in one or more sections, and affixed to a permanent foundation.

A travel trailer is a trailer without wheels, built on a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundation, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building ordinances or laws.

Buildings Entirely or Partially Over Water

Buildings entirely over water that have a construction start date on or after October 1, 1982 are ineligible for coverage. However, buildings entirely over water built or substantially improved before this date may be eligible for coverage.

Buildings partially over water are also eligible for coverage.

Boathouses Located Partially Over Water

Certain portions of a boathouse located partially over water are eligible for coverage. The non-boathouse parts of a building into which boats are floated are eligible for coverage if the building is partly over land and is also used for residential, commercial or municipal purposes. The area above the boathouse that is used for purposes unrelated to the boathouse use, such as a residence, is insurable from the floor joists to the roof, including walls.

Buildings in the Course of Construction

Certain buildings in the course of construction are eligible for flood insurance coverage. If the building has yet to be walled and roofed, it is eligible under this coverage unless construction has been halted for more than 90 days and/or the lowest floor is below the defined Base Flood Elevation.

Single Building Coverage

The policy includes single building limits of coverage when a single building is insured. To qualify as a single building, the building must be separated from other buildings by intervening clear wall space or solid, vertical, load bearing division walls.

If a building is separated into divisions by solid, vertical load bearing walls that extend from the lowest level to the highest ceiling, each building division can be insured as a separate building. If the wall has a door or other opening or provides access from one building or room to another, the building must be insured as a single building.

Additions and Extensions

Additions and extensions can be insured separately if they are attached to and in contact with the dwelling by means of a rigid, exterior wall, a solid load-bearing interior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, or a roof. These types of additions and extensions can be covered as part of the single building coverage or may be separately insured, at the insured's option. If an addition or extension is attached to and in contact with a dwelling by means of a common interior wall that is not a solid load-bearing wall, it must be covered as part of the single building coverage.

Occupancy

Coverage and rates are affected by the way a building's occupancy is classified. Classifications include Single Family Dwellings, Two to Four Family Dwellings, Other Residential Buildings and Non-Residential Buildings.

Single Family Dwellings

Single family dwellings are non-condominium residential buildings designed for principal use as a dwelling place for one family, or a single-family dwelling place for one family, or a single-family dwelling unit in a condominium building. *Incidental occupancies* are permitted, such as structures with office, professional, private school or studio occupancies, including a small service operation, if the occupancy is limited to less than 50% of the building's total floor area.

Two to Four Family Dwellings

Two to four family dwellings are non-condominium residential buildings designed for principal use as a dwelling place of two to four families. Most family dwellings are allowed incidental occupancies as long as the incidental occupancy is limited to less than 25% of the total floor area within the building.

Other Residential Buildings

For coverage purposes, *Other Residential Buildings* are buildings such as dormitories and assisted living facilities, and include hotels or motels where the normal occupancy of a guest is six months of more, or a tourist home or rooming house which has more than four roomers. Also included are residential buildings, excluding hotels and motels with normal room rentals for less than six months' duration and containing more than four dwelling units. Incidental occupancies in Other Residential Buildings are limited to less than 25% of the total floor area within the building.

Non-Residential Buildings

The category of Non-Residential Buildings includes all other eligible occupancies, including garages, pool houses, recreational buildings, agricultural buildings, licensed bed and breakfasts and nursing homes.

Contents Coverage

The policy provides coverage for certain contents. The contents must be located in a fully enclosed building or secured to prevent flotation out of the building. Vehicles and equipment that are not licensed for use on public roads and are self-propelled vehicles or machines are covered if they are used mainly to service the described location or are designed and used to assist handicapped persons. Eligible vehicles and equipment are only covered if inside a building at a described location.

Contents within silos, grain storage buildings and cisterns are also insurable.

Ineligible Property

Certain buildings are ineligible for coverage under the Dwelling policy.

Buildings

If a building would otherwise by insurable, but has been placed on a 1316 Property List, it is not eligible for NFIP coverage. A 1316 Property List is made up of property that falls under Section 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. Under Section 1316, states may declare a structure to be in violation of a law, regulation or ordinance. Once the violation is corrected, the Section 1316 declaration can be rescinded and the building can be covered by flood insurance.

Container-Type Buildings

Gas and liquid tanks, chemical or reactor container tanks or enclosures, brick kilns and similar units and their contents may not be covered under the NFIP policy.

Buildings Partially Underground

Buildings whose actual cash value is 50% or more below ground are ineligible for coverage unless the lowest level is at or above the Base Flood Elevation and is below ground due to earth being used as insulation material in conjunction with energy efficient building techniques.

Examples of Ineligible Risks

Some specific examples of ineligible risks are provided below:

Building Coverage

- Boat Repair Dock
- Boat Storage Over Water
- Boathouses
- Camper
- Cooperative Unit Within Cooperative Building
- > Decks (except for steps and landing; maximum landing area of 16 sq. ft.)
- Drive-In Bank Teller Unit (located outside walls of building)
- > Fuel Pump
- Gazebo (unless it qualifies as a building)
- Greenhouse (unless it has at least two rigid walls and a roof)
- Hot tub or spa (unless it is installed as a bathroom fixture)
- Open Stadium
- Pavilion (unless it qualifies as a building)
- Pole Barn (unless it qualifies as a building)
- Pumping Station (unless it qualifies as a building)
- Storage Tank--Gasoline, Water, Chemicals, Sugar, etc.
- Swimming Pool Bubble
- Swimming Pool (indoor or outdoor)
- > Tennis Bubble
- > Tent
- Time Sharing Unit Within Multi-Unit Building

- > Travel Trailer (unless converted to a permanent onsite building meeting the community's floodplain management permit requirements)
- ➤ Water Treatment Plant (unless 51 percent of its actual cash value is above ground)

Coverage Amounts

Residential homes can be insured up to a **maximum of \$250,000** under the NFIP policy's Building Coverage.

The maximum personal property Contents Coverage limit available is up to \$100,000 for contents with a Standard Flood Insurance Policy

Increased Cost of Compliance

When a structure is repaired or replaced, current laws and regulations may dictate standards the repaired or replaced structure must meet. The NFIP policy includes Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) coverage to help the insured meet the financial burden of complying with these laws or regulations. For all new and renewing policies effective on or after May 1, 2003, the ICC limit of liability is \$30,000. ICC coverage is included on all Standard Flood Insurance Policies with a few exceptions.

FEMA's Obtain and Maintain Requirement

As a condition of the receiving FEMA Public Assistance funding, owners must obtain and maintain insurance coverage at least equal to eligible amounts for the hazard specified for a permanent facility

If the seller or former owner received federal assistance through FEMAs Public Assistance funding, that assistance was conditioned upon obtaining and maintain flood insurance on the property. (42 U.S.C. 4012a)

The requirement of maintaining flood insurance applies to all owners of the property, regardless of transfer of ownership.

Federal law (42 U.S.C. 5154a) requires the buyer/transferor of the property be notified in writing of the requirement to obtain and maintain insurance. The buyer must maintain flood insurance coverage on the property and contents in at least the amount of the disaster assistance previously received and provide notice of this requirement to any party to whom he/she sells the property

Failure to obtain or maintain flood insurance as required by law will result in the property owner's ineligibility for Federal disaster assistance.

Failure to comply with the notice requirements to subsequent buyers/transferees may create an obligation on the buyer to reimburse the Federal Government for disaster assistance provided to a subsequent buyer/transferor.

The failure to provide the Flood Insurance Purchase Requirement Addendum could be a very costly error.

The Property Disclosure Document was updated a few years ago to reflect this requirement.

Should agents see that the property received federal assistance, they should use an addendum where the seller notifies the buyer of the obtain and maintain requirement.



Standard Flood Policy

This is a good "time check." Depending on how much time you have will determine how much time you spend here.

There is a lot of additional information if you need more time.

For a copy of the most recent FEMA Dwelling Policy form click here: https://www.fema.gov/sites/default/files/documents/fema_F-122-Dwelling-SFIP_2021.pdf

The Standard Flood Policy coverage is available through a Dwelling Form, a General Property Form and a Residential Condominium Building Association Form.

The Dwelling Form

The Dwelling Form covers a non-condominium residential building designed for principal use as a dwelling place for one to four families, or a single-family dwelling unit in a condominium building.

Definition of Flood

A flood is defined as:

- A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of two or more acres of normally dry land or of two or more properties (at least one of which is the insured's property) from:
 - a. Overflow of inland or tidal waters
 - b. Unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source
 - c. Mudflow
- Collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or similar body of water as a result
 of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated
 cyclical levels that result in a flood as defined in 1.a above

Mudflow is defined as:

A river of liquid and flowing mud on the surface of normally dry land areas, as when earth is carried by a current of water. Other earth movements, such as landslide, slope failure, or a saturated soil mass moving by liquidity down a slope, are not mudflows.

Coverage A – Building Property

The Dwelling form covers a dwelling at the described location, and additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the dwelling by means of a rigid exterior wall, a solid load-bearing interior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, or a roof. A detached garage at the described location is also covered, and the coverage limit can be no more than 10% of the limit of liability on the dwelling.

Materials and supplies that are to be used for construction, alteration, or repair of the dwelling or a detached garage are covered while the materials and supplies are stored in a fully enclosed building at the described location or on an adjacent property.

Buildings Under Construction

A building under construction, alteration or repair and at the described location is covered if the structure is not yet walled or roofed, and only while such work is in progress, or if the work is halted, only for a period of up to 90 continuous days after it is halter. Buildings under construction are not

covered if the lowest floor, including the basement, is below the specified base flood elevation for the zone within which it resides.

Manufactured homes and travel trailers are covered buildings. If a manufactured home or travel trailer is in a special flood hazard area, it must be anchored in place at the time of loss.

Items Covered Under the Building Property Coverage

The following items are covered under the Building Property Coverage:

- 1. Awnings and canopies
- 2. Blinds
- 3. Built-in dishwashers
- 4. Built-in microwaves
- 5. Carpet permanently installed over unfinished flooring
- 6. Central air conditioners;
- 7. Elevator equipment;
- 8. Fire sprinkler systems;
- 9. Walk-in freezers;
- 10. Furnaces and radiators;
- 11. Garbage disposal units;
- 12. Hot water heaters, including solar water heaters;
- 13. Light fixtures;
- 14. Outdoor antennas and aerials fastened to
- 15. buildings;
- 16. Permanently installed cupboards, bookcases,
- 17. cabinets, paneling, and wallpaper;
- 18. Plumbing fixtures;
- 19. Pumps and machinery for operating pumps;
- 20. Ranges, cooking stoves, and ovens;
- 21. Refrigerators; and
- 22. Wall mirrors, permanently installed.

Coverage B - Personal Property Coverage

Personal property coverage can be purchased under the Dwelling Form. The coverage applies to property owned by the insured or household family members. Optional coverage for property owned by guests of servants can also be purchased.

If a building is not fully enclosed, property must be secured to prevent flotation out of the building during the flood in order to be covered.

Covered Property

The following property is covered under the Personal Property coverage:

- 1. Air conditioning units, portable or window type
- 2. Carpets, not permanently installed, over unfinished flooring
- 3. Carpets over finished flooring

- 4. Clothes washers and dryers
- 5. "Cook out" grills
- 6. Food freezers, other than walk-in, and food in any freezer
- 7. Portable microwave ovens and portable dishwashers

Basements

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) defines a basement as any area of a building with a floor that is below ground level on all sides. While flood insurance does not cover basement improvements, such as finished walls, floors or ceilings, or personal belongings that may be kept in a basement, such as furniture and other contents, it does cover structural elements, essential equipment and other basic items normally located in a basement. Many of these items are covered under building coverage, and some are covered under contents coverage. The NFIP encourages people to purchase both building and contents coverage for the broadest protection.

The following items in a basement are covered under building coverage, as long as they are connected to a power source and installed in their functioning location:

- Sump pumps
- Well water tanks and pumps, cisterns and the water in them
- Oil tanks and the oil in them, natural gas tanks and the gas in them
- Pumps and/or tanks used in conjunction with solar energy
- Furnaces, hot water heaters, air conditioners, and heat pumps
- Electrical junction and circuit breaker boxes and required utility connections
- Foundation elements
- Stairways, staircases, elevators and dumbwaiters
- Unpainted drywall and sheet rock walls and ceilings, including fiberglass insulation
- Cleanup
- The following items in a basement are covered under contents coverage:
- Clothes washers
- Clothes dryers
- Food freezers and the food in them

Special Limits

Special limits apply to certain types of personal property. No more than \$2500 will be paid for any one loss to one or more of the following kinds of personal property:

- 1. Artwork, photographs, collectibles, or memorabilia, including but not limited to, porcelain or other figures, and sports cards;
- 2. Rare books or autographed items;
- 3. Jewelry, watches, precious and semiprecious stones, or articles of gold, silver, or platinum;
- 4. Furs or any article containing fur which represents its principal value; or
- 5. Personal property used in any business.

Antiques are only covered for their functional value.

Coverage C – Other Coverages

Other coverages under the Dwelling policy include Debris Removal, Loss Avoidance Measures and Condominium Loss Assessments. These coverages do not increase the limits of the policy.

Debris Removal

Debris removal coverage includes paying for removal of non-owned debris off of the insured property and removing owned debris from anywhere.

Loss Avoidance Measures

Various loss avoidance measures are paid for by the policy under Other Coverages.

Sandbags, Supplies and Labor

The coverage provides payment of up to \$1000 for costs incurred to protect an insured building from flood or imminent danger of flood. The expense for the following items used for this purpose are covered:

- Sandbags, including sand to fill them
- Fill for temporary levees
- Pumps, and
- Plastic sheeting and lumber used in connection with these items

Work performed by the insured or family members to protect the insured building are paid at the federal minimum wage level.

Property Removed to Safety

Up to \$1000 is payable for expenses to move insured property to a place other than the insured location in order to protect the property from flood or the imminent danger of flood. The property moved is covered for 45 days from the date it is first moved to the new location.

Condominium Loss Assessments

A condominium association may assess unit owners for costs incurred due to direct physical loss by a flood to the building's common elements, in accordance with the condominium associations articles, declarations and the insured's deed. The policy generally covers the insured's share of these losses.

Coverage D – Increased Cost of Compliance

A structure needing repairs or reconstruction due to suffering flood damage may be subject to State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances. The policy includes payment of up to \$30,000 to pay for the costs of complying with these laws or ordinances. Compliance activities that are eligible for payment are elevation, flood proofing, relocation or demolition.

Property Not Covered

All of the following property types are not covered under the Dwelling form:

- Personal property not inside the fully enclosed building;
- A building, and personal property in it, located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide if it was constructed or substantially improved after September 30, 1982;
- Open structures, including a building used as a boathouse or any structure or building into which boats are floated, and personal property located in, on, or over water;
- Recreational vehicles other than travel trailers, whether affixed to a permanent foundation or on wheels
- Self-propelled vehicles or machines, including their parts and equipment. However, we do cover self propelled vehicles or machines not licensed for use on public roads that are:
 - Used mainly to service the described location, or
 - Designed and used to assist handicapped persons, while the vehicles or machines are inside a building t the described location;
- Land, land values, lawns, trees, shrubs, plants, growing crops, or animals;
- Accounts, bills, coins, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, medals, money, scrip, stored value cards, postage stamps, securities, bullion, manuscripts, or other valuable papers;
- Underground structures and equipment, including wells, septic tanks, and septic systems;
- Those portions of walks, walkways, decks, driveways, patios, and other surfaces, all whether protected by a roof or not, located outside the perimeter, exterior walls of the insured building or the building in which the insured unit is located;
- Containers, including related equipment, such as, but not limited to, tanks containing gases or liquids;
- Buildings or units and all their contents if more than 49 percent of the actual cash value of the building or unit is below ground, unless the lowest level is at or above the base flood elevation and is below ground by reason of earth having been used as insulation material in conjunction with energy efficient building techniques;
- Fences, retaining walls, seawalls, bulkheads, wharves, piers, bridges, and docks;
- Aircraft or watercraft, or their furnishings and equipment;
- Hot tubs and spas that are not bathroom fixtures, and swimming pools, and their equipment such as, but not limited to, heaters, filters, pumps, and pipes, wherever located;
- Property not eligible for flood insurance pursuant to the provisions of the Coastal Barrier Resources Act and the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act and amendments to these acts;
- Personal property you own in common with other unit owners comprising the membership of a condominium association.

Exclusions

The policy pays only for *direct physical loss by or from flood* so the following items are excluded:

- 1. Loss of revenue or profits
- 2. Loss of access to the insured property or described location
- 3. Loss of use of the insured property or described location
- 4. Loss from interruption of business or production

- 5. Any additional living expenses incurred while the insured building is being repaired or is unable to be occupied for any reason
- 6. The cost of complying with any ordinance or law requiring or regulating the construction, demolition, remodeling, renovation or repair of property, including removal of any resulting debris, except for eligible activities covered under the Increased Cost of Compliance Coverage
- 7. Any other economic loss

Earth Movement Exclusions

Loss of property caused directly by earth movement, even if the earth movement is caused by a flood, is not covered. The policy does not cover earthquake, landslide, land subsidence, sinkholes, destabilization or movement of land that results from accumulation of water in subsurface land area, or gradual erosion.

Other Exclusions

Direct physical loss caused directly or indirectly by any of the following is excluded:

- 1. The pressure or weight of ice;
- 2. Freezing or thawing;
- 3. Rain, snow, sleet, hail, or water spray;
- 4. Water, moisture, mildew, or mold damage that results primarily from any condition:
 - a. Substantially confined to the **dwelling**; or
 - b. That is within your control, including but not limited to:
 - i. Design, structural, or mechanical defects;
 - ii. Failure, stoppage, or breakage of water or sewer lines, drains, pumps, fixtures, or
 - iii. equipment; or
 - iv. Failure to inspect and maintain the property after a **flood** recedes;
- 5. Water or waterborne material that:
 - a. Backs up through sewers or drains;
 - b. Discharges or overflows from a sump, sump pump, or related equipment; or
 - c. Seeps or leaks on or through the covered property;
 - d. unless there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the sewer or drain backup, sump pump discharge or overflow, or seepage of water;
- 6. The pressure or weight of water unless there is a **flood** in the area and the **flood** is the proximate cause of the damage from the pressure or weight of water;
- 7. Power, heating, or cooling failure unless the failure results from **direct physical loss by or from flood** to power, heating, or cooling equipment on the **described location**;
- 8. Theft, fire, explosion, wind, or windstorm;
- 9. Anything you or any member of your household do or conspire to do to cause loss by **flood** deliberately; or
- 10. Alteration of the insured property that significantly increases the risk of flooding.

The General Property Policy Form

The General Property policy form is used for other-residential and non-residential structures and their contents.

Building Coverage

The building coverage for non-residential structures covers:

- Unfinished drywall for walls and ceilings, including nonflammable insulation
- Electrical junction and circuit breaker boxes, and required utility connections
- Central air-conditioning units
- Furnaces, hot-water heaters, fuel tanks, and the fuel inside tanks and heat pumps
- Light fixtures
- Built-in cabinets
- Foundation elements
- Cleanup

Contents Coverage

The contents coverage under the General Property form covers:

- Furniture and fixtures
- Machinery and equipment
- Stock (including merchandise held in storage for sale)
- Raw materials
- Unfinished or finished goods
- Packing and shipping supplies

The Residential Condominium Association Form

The Residential Condominium Association form provides building coverage for condominium associations.

Building Coverage

Under the Residential Condominium Association policy, a condominium association can purchase building coverage up to \$250,000 times the number of units, or the replacement cost of the building, whichever is less. Eligible buildings include garden apartment-type construction, townhouses, row houses and single-family detached buildings owned by the association, as long as 75% of the units are used for residential purposes.

Contents Coverage

Individual unit owners can purchase up to \$100,000 in contents coverage, separate from the coverage purchased by the condominium association.

Best Practices when listing a flooded home

Be honest. The first rule when working with sellers of a previously flooded home is to be honest. Failing to disclose is opening both the agent and seller up to a potential lawsuit. The best way to address this is through section six of the Property Disclosure Document.

	SECTION 6: FLOOD, FLOOD ASSISTANCE, AND FLOOD	INSUF	RANC	E
(25)	Has any flooding, water intrusion, accumulation, or drainage problem been experience	d with res	pect to t	ne land:
200	(a) during the time the SELLER owned the property? If yes, indicate the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.	□ Y	□N	
	(b) prior to the time the SELLER owned the property? If yes, indicate the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.	□ Y	□ N	□NK
(26)	Has any structure on the property ever flooded, by rising water, water intrusion or other	rwise?		
1000 1100	(a) during the time the SELLER owned the property?	□ Y	\square N	
	(b) prior to the time the SELLER owned the property?	□ Y	\square N	□ NK
	If yes, give the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.			
(27)	What is/are the flood zone classification(s) of the property?What is	the sourc	e and da	te of
	this information? Check all that apply. Survey/Date Elevation Certificate/Date FEMA Flood Map - https://msc.fema.gov/portal https://www.floodsmart.gov/flood-map-zone/find-yours Other: (please provide)	_ Other	r/Date	

(28)	SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS. If the property is located within a designated special flood map prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the federal law (42 U.S.C. § 4 mandates that prospective purchasers be advised that flood insurance may be required as obtaining financing. Is the property within a designated special flood hazard area?	104a, et seq.),
(29)	Is there flood insurance on the property? \(\subseteq \text{ Y} \) \(\subseteq \text{ N} \)	
	IF YES, A COPY OF THE POLICY DECLARATIONS PAGE SHALL BE ATTACHED AND BE THIS PROPERTY DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT.	COME PART OF
	PRIVATE FLOOD INSURANCE	
(30)	Does SELLER have a flood elevation certificate that will be shared with BUYER?	\square Y \square N
(31)	Has the SELLER made a private flood insurance claim for this property?	\square Y \square N \square NK
	(a) If YES, was the claim approved?	\square Y \square N \square NK
	(b) If YES, what was the amount received?	-
(32)	Did the previous owner make a private flood insurance claim for this property?	\square Y \square N \square NK
	(a) If YES, was the claim approved?	
	(b) If YES, what was the amount received?	
	NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP)	
(33)	Has the SELLER made an NFIP claim for this property?	Name
	(a) If YES, was the claim approved?	\square Y \square N \square NK
	(b) If YES, what was the amount received?	
(34)	Did the previous owner make an NFIP for this property?	
	(a) If YES, was the claim approved?	Y N NK
	(b) If YES, what was the amount received?	
	FEDERAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE	
(35)		deral flood disaster
(33)	FLOOD DISASTER INSURANCE. If the SELLER or previous owner has previously received fe assistance and such assistance was conditioned upon obtaining and maintaining flood insurance federal law, i.e., 42 U.S.C. § 5154a, mandates that prospective purchasers be advised that they maintain insurance on the property and that if insurance is not maintained and the property is the by a flood disaster, the purchaser may not be eligible for additional Federal flood disaster assist of the SELLER's knowledge, has federal flood disaster assistance been previously received with property?	e on the property, will be required to ereafter damaged ance. To the best
	(a) If YES, from which federal agency (e.g., FEMA, SBA)?	- 10
	(b) If YES, what was the amount received?	
	(c) If YES, what was the purpose of the assistance (e.g., elevation, mitigation, restoration)?	

	ROAD HOME PROGRAM				
Was SELLER	a recipient of a Road Home grant?	\square Y \square N \square NK			
	\square Y \square N \square NK				
(a) Is the property subject to the Road Home Declaration of Covenants Running with the Land or other requirement obtain and maintain flood insurance on the property?					
(b) If YES, attach a copy of the Road Home Program Declaration of Covenants other requirements to obtain maintain flood insurance on the property.					
Has SELLER Agreement?	OR PREVIOUS OWNER(S) personally assumed any terms of the Road	d Home Program Grant			
on Number	Explanation of "Yes" answers Additional sheet is attached				
10-80-81-14-75/05					
	Was a previo If YES, comp Is the propert obtain and ma If YES, attach maintain flood Has SELLER Agreement?	Was SELLER a recipient of a Road Home grant? Was a previous owner of the property a recipient of a Road Home grant? If YES, complete (a) - (c.) below. Is the property subject to the Road Home Declaration of Covenants Running with the obtain and maintain flood insurance on the property? If YES, attach a copy of the Road Home Program Declaration of Covenants other recomaintain flood insurance on the property. Has SELLER OR PREVIOUS OWNER(S) personally assumed any terms of the Road Agreement?			

Gather all documentation. When selling a property that has experienced flooding, documentation is key. Sellers can prepare a report or binder of the corrective measures taken after the property flooded. These can include:

- Information required in the PDD elevation certificate, copy of the declarations page of the flood policy
- Line item of exactly what repairs were done
- A record of contractors who completed the work. This shows the repairs were done correctly.
- Receipts/invoices of expenses incurred
- Mold remediation certificate

As is. Buyers may not have the funds to make any or all of the repairs necessary. If repairs are too costly, the property can be sold "as is."

Communicate with buyers. Sellers need to understand buyers my have additional questions when purchasing a previously flooded home. It is important to communicate with buyers who may have concerns.

Best practices when working with buyers purchasing a previously flooded home.

Read and understand the Property Disclosure Document. Be sure your buyer understands what they are purchasing. The first place to look is the Property Disclosure Documents.

Ask questions. If the recommendation when listing a previously flooded home was to provide plenty of documentation, it is natural when working with buyers, the best practice is to request documentation. Asking about the extent of the repairs and quality of work can give your buyer piece of mind that the repairs were done correctly.

Get a home inspection. Home inspectors play a vital role in assisting buyers with identifying potential issues and make an informed decision about the home. Buyers can get more information by visiting the Louisiana State Licensing Board for Contractors website - https://lsbhi.state.la.us/.

Mold test/remediation. Mold causes adverse reactions and can be a serious health hazard. Agents can assist buyer by verifying if there has been mold testing and/or remediation by a certified professional.

Insurance. Flood insurance rates are rising in many areas. Buyers can work with their insurance agent to determine the best and most affordable options regarding flood insurance. First, ask the agent if the flood policy is assumable. Next determine the rate and verify if the rate subsidized. If subsidized, ask how much to policy will increase each year the buyers will own the home.

PART THREE: ADVERTISING

All advertising must be approved by the broker

All advertising for property shall be under the direct supervision of and approved by the licensed individual real estate broker or designated qualifying broker.

What is considered advertising?

The term "advertisement," as used in this checklist, shall mean any oral, written or print and media advertisement, including newspaper and magazine advertisements; correspondence; mailings; brochures; business cards; for sale or for lease signs; sign riders; promotional items; newsletters; telephone directory listings; automobile signage; as well as internet, radio and television advertisement.

What is not advertising?

Agreements between brokers to allow property data to be shared and disseminated to clients, customers, or prospective clients, including but not limited to web-based or email multiple listing service property data, IDX or VOW property data does not constitute advertising or advertisement as to the property data shared.

Logos and Slogans

If allowed by the sponsoring broker, the salesperson or associate broker may include in the advertisement:

- the salespersons or associate broker's personal logo or insignia, which cannot be construed
 as that of a company name, and which must include the name and telephone number of the
 sponsoring broker;
- the salespersons or associate broker's contact information;
- a group or team name, as long as the advertising complies with all other applicable laws and rules
- a slogan that may not be construed as that of a company name

Discuss what is advertising and what is not.

There are a lot of LREC fines issued regarding advertising so be prepared for student questions.

For review, Chapter 25 of the Rules and Regulations covers most advertising rules.

This is the percentage of violations issued by the LREC from 2018-2021.

Spend time covering each.

Advertising Violations				
2515 - Internet Advertising	40%			
2501. B-F - Failure to Identify Listing Broker	22%			
2501. F - Failure to Place Brokers Telephone number in advertising	17%			
2509. A - Advertising Violations by Franchises	10%			
2505. A - Misleading or Inaccurate Advertising	7%			
2511 - Agent Owner - Licensed Agent Disclosure	2%			
1900 - Real Estate Teams and Group	2%			

Internet Advertising

Brokers advertising or marketing on a <u>site on the internet</u> must include the following data on each page of the site on which the advertisement appears:

- the broker's name or trade name as registered with the commission;
- the city and state in which the broker's main office or branch office is located.
- the regulatory jurisdiction(s) in which the broker holds a real estate brokerage license.

Brokers using any <u>internet electronic communication for advertising or marketing, including but</u> <u>not limited to, e-mail, email discussion groups, and bulletin boards,</u> must include the following data on the first or last page of all communications:

- the broker's name or trade name as registered with the commission;
- the city and state in which the broker's main office or branch office is located.
- the regulatory jurisdiction(s) in which the broker holds a real estate brokerage license.

Associate brokers or salespersons advertising or marketing on <u>a site on the internet</u> must include the following data on each page of the site on which the licensee's advertisement or information appears:

- the associate broker's or salesperson's name;
- the name or trade name of the licensed broker or agency listed on the license of the salesperson or associate broker;
- the city and state in which the broker's main office or branch office is located.
- the regulatory jurisdiction(s) in which the broker holds a real estate brokerage license.

Associate brokers or salespersons using any <u>internet electronic communication for advertising or marketing, included but not limited to, e-mail, email discussion groups, and bulletin boards, must include the following data on the first or last page of all communications:</u>

- the associate broker's or salesperson' name;
- the name or trade name of the licensed broker or agency listed on the license of the salesperson or associate broker;
- the city and state in which the broker's main office or branch office is located.
- the regulatory jurisdiction(s) in which the broker holds a real estate brokerage license.

Identify Broker Name and Broker Phone Number

Rules and Regulations Chapter 25.2501(F) states "In all advertising, the salesperson or associate broker must include the name and telephone number of the sponsoring broker. The broker's name and telephone number must be conspicuous, discernible and easily identifiable by the public."

The LREC further clarifies in their published Advertising Guidelines Checklist "Note: In accordance with Chapter 25. 2501 (F) There is no definitive guideline about what is "conspicuous, discernible and easily identifiable" and what is not. However, the general rule is that the smaller the sponsoring or qualifying broker's name and company in comparison with the name and company of the licensee, the more likely the LREC will conclude that the sponsoring or qualifying broker's name and telephone number is not "conspicuous, discernible and easily identifiable" and that the advertisement is misleading."

Often, the violation is not that the brokers name is missing, it is that the brokers name is not "conspicuous, discernible and easily identifiable" according to the LREC.

This is subjective and the LREC Advertising Guidelines Checklist give examples of compliant and noncompliant advertisements.

The LREC Advertising Guidelines Checklist is a great resource to reference.

Examples:



Advertisement is in compliance because it is clear to the general public who the broker is.



This advertisement is not in compliance because the broker name and phone number are not conspicuous, discernible, and easily identifiable.



Advertisement is in compliance because it is clear to the general public who the broker is.



This advertisement is not in compliance because the broker name and phone number are "ghosted" due to poor color contrast, making them too difficult to read.

NOTE REGARDING THE BROKER PHONE NUMBER: the broker phone number must be a phone number owned by the broker(age) that enables the public to directly contact the broker without having to go through the affiliated licensees listed in the advertisement.

Advertisements by Franchise Organizations

Any licensed broker or salesperson affiliated with a franchise organization must disclose to the public that the real estate brokerage firm is independently owned and operated in all advertising.

In addition, advertising shall not include any name or trade name of any franchiser or real estate organization or association of which the licensee is not a member or franchisee.



Advertisement is in compliance because the franchise office is listed as independently owned and operated.



Advertisement is not in compliance because the franchise office is not listed as independently owned and operated.

Accuracy in Advertising

All advertising shall be an accurate representation of the property advertised. No broker or licensee shall use advertising which is misleading or inaccurate or in any way misrepresents any property, terms, value, policies, or services of the business conducted.

Advertising Agent-owned Property

A licensed broker or salesperson who offers property in which he or she owns any interest as being for sale or rent shall state in any advertising, and on any sign placed on the property, that he or she is a licensed real estate agent.

Any licensed broker or salesperson that advertises or offers to purchase or rent property for his or her own full or partial interest shall state in any advertisement that he or she is a licensed real estate agent.

Including the term "licensed real estate agent" in any advertisement or on any sign shall be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

Exceptions: this is not applicable to the sale, rental, or acquisition of property by licensees under a contractual agreement with a licensed Louisiana real estate broker.

Advertising By Real Estate Teams and Groups

A team or group name shall not be used in advertising without the written approval of the sponsoring broker.

The term "team" or "group" may be used to advertise real estate license activities provided that:

 the use of the term does not constitute the unlawful use of a trade name and is not deceptively similar to a name under which any other person or entity is lawfully doing business;

- the team or group is composed of more than one licensee;
- the advertising complies with all other law and rules and regulations.

In addition, an unlicensed person shall not be named, acknowledged, referred to, or otherwise included in any team or group advertising.

Owner Authorization to Advertise

No broker or licensee sponsored by said broker shall in any way advertise property belonging to other persons as being for sale or rent or place a sign on any such property offering the property for sale or rent without first obtaining the written authorization to do so by all owners of the property or their authorized attorney in fact.

Advertisements of Residential Property

All printed advertisements for the sale or lease of residential real estate shall indicate the month and year the advertisement is printed, published, or distributed. Advertisements printed or published in newspapers, real estate trade publications and commercial magazines and brochures bearing an issue or publication date will be considered in compliance with this Section.

PART FOUR – MISREPRESENTATION

Misrepresentation occurs when one party makes a false statement to the other party and that statement is a determining factor used when entering into a contract. In real estate, a misrepresentation can occur when a real estate licensee misstates some material feature of the property. Often lumped in with misrepresentations are failures to disclose, which is when a licensee fails to address or reveal a material feature of the property entirely

Brokers and salespeople face a myriad of potential legal issues, however, lawsuits for misrepresentation are by far the biggest.

The most common types of misrepresentation claims in real estate are:

- foundation and structural issues
- involve property boundaries
- roof issues
- termite problems.
- Omitted disclosures ex. easements,
- renovating without a permit
- environmental problems
- title problems

The focus of this chapter is to understand what the licensee is obligated to disclose and how to have conversations with clients regarding the disclosure of defects.

There three types of misrepresentation

- 1. Innocent -- simple mistakes with no intent and little harm;
- 2. Negligent -- failure to disclose significant property issues due to ignorance;
- 3. Fraudulent-- purposefully misleading a client or hiding a property issue or feature in order to make a sale.

Home inspections, disclosures, and misrepresentation

Listing Agents - When purchasing a property, a buyer is reliant on certain information that can only be provided to them by the seller, which is typically found in the property disclosure document.

The PDD is a great form and helps buyers, sellers and licensees. In most instances, a seller will complete the form as thoroughly and honestly as possible, allowing the buyer to make an informed decision as to whether to go through with the purchase. But what happens when a seller mistakenly or deliberately withholds information or is dishonest?

Case Study

A home is under contract and the buyers get a home inspection. The home inspection report reveals a significant issue with the slab. The buyers decide to back out and the house is put back on the market.

Should the sellers fill out an updated PDD? What if they refuse?

One of the 36 ways to lose your license is failure to disclose material defects. RS 37:1455 (27) states "Failure to disclose to a buyer a known material defect regarding the condition of real estate of which a broker, salesperson, or timeshare interest salesperson has knowledge."

What happens if the listing agent does not know? According to Louisiana Agency Law, "A licensee shall not be liable to a client for providing false information to the client if the false information was provided to the licensee by a customer unless the licensee knew or should have known the information was false."

Best Practice Regarding Third Party information - If you receive property information from a third-party source, attribute the information to that source, saying, for example, "According to the seller, the roof is three years old."

Buyers Agents - Advise buyer to get a home inspection. If the buyer chooses not to have a home inspection, a best practice is to have them sign a hold harmless agreement.

194

195 196 197

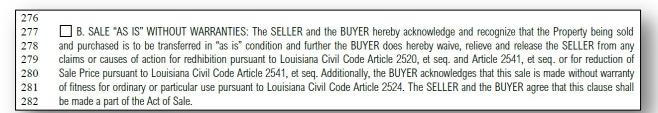
198

199 200

201

DDI Period Activities: During the inspection and due diligence period the BUYER may, at the BUYER'S expense, have any inspections made by experts or others of BUYER'S choosing. Such physical inspections may include, but are not limited to, inspections for termites and other wood destroying insects, and/or damage from same, molds, and fungi hazards, and analysis of synthetic stucco, drywall, appliances, structures, foundations, roof, heating, cooling, electrical, plumbing systems, utility and sewer, including but not limited to septic tanks and pump grinder systems availability and condition, out-buildings, and square footage. Other due diligence by the BUYER may include, but is not limited to investigation into the Property's school district, insurability, flood zone classifications, current zoning and/or subdivision restrictive covenants and any items addressed in the SELLER'S Property Disclosure Document. All testing shall be nondestructive testing.

"As Is" and waiver of redhibition.



Redhibition is not permitted in cases of fraud. The seller cannot intentionally hide a known defect then use the waiver of redhibition clause if the buyer wishes to rescind the sale.

LA Rev Stat § 9:3169 Rescission for fraud or nullity; redhibition not permitted. Whatever may be the vices of the thing sold on execution, they do not give rise to the redhibitory action; but the sale may be set aside in the case of fraud, and declared null in cases of nullity.

Case Study

A house is under contract for \$200,000. According to the listing the home is 2,000 square feet of living area. The appraisal comes back with an appraised value of \$205,00 but appraisal indicates the home is 1,800 square feet. The buyer based their purchase price on \$100 per square foot and now believes the sellers should reduce the price to \$180,000 given the updated square footage given by the appraiser.

Team Misrepresentation

Clients may be confused about exactly who is representing them. Is it the entire team or just a single agent on the team? It is critical for teams to understand their relationship with clients and even more critical for clients to understand who is representing them.

Undisclosed dual agency

RS 37:1455 (9) – Acting in the dual capacity of agent and undisclosed principal in any transaction.

RS 37:1455 (16) – Acting for more than one party in a real estate transaction without the written acknowledgment of all parties to the transaction.

Appendix

Redline Changes to the LREC Agreement to Buy or Sell	57
Redline Changes to Property Disclosure Document	68
Dual Agency Disclosure Form	81

Note: All of the documents listed above, including the <u>National Flood</u> <u>Insurance Program (NFIP) - FEMA Dwelling Policy Form</u> can also be found in the back pocket of this binder.

LOUISIANA RESIDENTIAL AGREEMENT TO BUY OR SELL

Dual					
Agent	Buyer's D Number	esignated A	gent Name	e (" <u>Buver's age</u>	nt) & Licens
	Brokerag	e Name & Lio	ense Num	nber	
	Agent Ph	one Number	В	rokerage Phor	ne Number
	Email Add	dress			
	ra oraș	50 <u>00000000000000000000000000000000000</u>		Time	AM/PM
	Day	Date	Time	AM/P	M
	Designated	Agent Buyer's Designated Agent Ph	Agent Buyer's Designated Agent Number Brokerage Name & Lic Agent Phone Number Email Address Designated Agent Day te- hand delivery othe	Agent Buyer's Designated Agent Name Number Brokerage Name & License Number Agent Phone Number Email Address Designated Agent Day to—Date hand delivery other	Agent Buyer's Designated Agent Name ("Buver's agent Number Brokerage Name & License Number Agent Phone Number Brokerage Phore Email Address Designated Agent Day to Date Time

Electronic Notice Authorization

The BUYER further authorizes his or her agent to electronically deliver notices and other communications to the email address he or she provided to his or her agent. Furthermore, the BUYER authorizes the Seller's agent to electronically deliver notices and communications to the Buyer's agent at the e-mail address shown above.

The SELLERfurther authorizes his or her agent to electronically deliver notices and other communications to the email address he or she provide to his or her agent. Furthermore, the SELLER authorizes the Buver's agent to electronically deliver notices and communications to the Seller's agent at the e-mail address shown above.

The authorization contained in this Section is not an authorization for the Buver's agent to communicate directly with the Seller or a Seller's agent to communicate directly with the BUYER.

The BUYER and SELLER agree the use of electronic documents and digital signatures is acceptable and will be treated as originals of the signatures and documents transmitted in the above referenced this real estate transaction. Specifically, the BUYER and SELLER consent to the use of electronic documents, the electronic transmission of documents, and the use of electronic signatures pertaining to this Agreement, and any supplement addendum or modification relating thereto, including but not limited to any notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications as set forth in the Agreement.

BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials	Page 1 of 10	SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials	
BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials		SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials	Ξ

Rev. 01/01/2022



PROPERTY DESCRIPTION: I/We offer (Municipal Address) City on lands and grounds measuring appror as per record title; including all build with all fences, security systems, all installed and/or built-in appliances, window severings, blinds, and associated window covering hardware knobs, or handles, all doorbells, all television mounts, gas logs, and all inst he ground. If owned by the SELLER, property shall be conveyed to the BUY the Sale Price are transferred without and the second without states are transferred without states	pizp	parts, and all installe If sound systems, all littoning or heating sound systems, all incomplete to blinds If carpeting, all cabir othical systems, all indelers and associate ent, standing timber, if tems here remain indus: alue: "Agreement"), unles	ed, built-in, permanently a andscaping, all outside ' ystems including windov, drapes, curtains, windov, drapes, curtains, windov, et tops, all cabinet knob istalled security systems ed hardware, other construnharvested crops and u with the property, but are with the property, but are	TV antennas, all satellite dis v units, all bathroom mirror w shades, window covering is or handles, window covering is or handles, all doors, atta- ructions permanently attach ungathered fruits of trees or e not to be considered as para the contract of the contract in (All of the above contain in. (
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MINERAL RIGHTS: If the SEL				
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BUYER		SELLE	· R	
		100	.N	
BUYER		SELLE	R	
PRICE: The Property will be sold and the Property for the sum of	purchased subject to title a	and zoning restriction	ns, servitudes of record,	and law or ordinances affe
ACT OF SALE: The Act of Sale is		a settlement agent	or Notary Public to b	e chosen by the BUYER
Sale must be mutually agreed upon in required by Louisiana statute LA R.S.	writing and signed by the S	ELLER and the BUY		

PROPERTY DESCR		efer of ke <i>ve l</i> access is to be gran	ted at Act of Sale unless <mark>other</mark> u	wise mutually agreed up
OCCUPANCY: Occu writing.	pancy/possession and trans	ner or regordecess to to be gran		
CONTINGENCY FOR	R SALE OF BUYER'S OTH	ER PROPERTY:		
This sale is contir the attached addendu	경기 경기 없는 하면 생생님, 전기가 없는 이 사이를 다 가게 되었다.	operty by the BUYER and the co	ontingency language found eithe	er in lines 301-307- 3 <mark>43-</mark> 3
	ontingent upon the sale of o YER'S sale of any property.	other property by the BUYER no	or is the Ioan needed by the BU	YER to obtain the Sale
FINANCING:				
ALL CASH SALE	:: The BUYER warrants the	BUYER has cash readily availab	le to close the sale of this Prope	erty.
☐ FINANCED SAL	E: This sale is conditioned	upon the ability of BUYER to b	orrow with this Property as sec %) of the Sale Price by a	urity for the loan the samortgage loan or loans
initial interest rate n	ot to exceed <u>(#)</u> years, payable in	(%) per annum, interes monthly installments or on any o	it and principal, amortized ove therterms as may be acceptabl	er a period of not less etothe BUYER provide
triese terms do not m	crease trie cost, lees or expi	enses to the SELLER. The loan s	snail be secured by (Check all th	нас арруу).
☐ Fixed Rate Mortg: ☐ Adjustable Rate N		Insured Mortgage er Financing		
Rural Developme		Financing		
☐ VA Guaranteed M		entional Mortgage		
Other	#2000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00			
The BUYER agrees to Other financing condi	tions	exceed%(of the loan amount.	
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disburse a security deposit in accordance with LAC 46:LXVIL2901 wh	en a third party ho	lds the Deposit		
over those third parties holding the funds. Thave read the attached a	ddendum and ack	nowledge the Brok		
funds have agreed otherwise in writing. Tagree to have the Deposit n sales escrow account maintained by the Broker. Tunderstand that th				
or security deposit trust checking account of the listing or managing	g broker ("Broker	") unless all partie	es having an int	terest i
<u>DEPO SIT HELD BY THIRD PARTY</u> : Louisiana Administrative Code Arti in a real estate sales transaction shall be deposited in the appropriate				
				.da
The Deposit shall be held by. Listing Broker Selling Broker Third	Party Other			
No Deposit)
☐ Cash \$	inds	_8		<u> </u>
paid in the form of:				
of this Agreement, and the BUYER or the BUYER'S agent shall deliver wideposit (the "Deposit") in the amount of	ının 72 nours, upor 1) or	notice of acceptant /	ice of the offer, tl %) of the Sali	ne BU\ e Price
<u>DEPOSIT</u> : Upon acceptance of this offer, or any attached counter offer, the				
appraisal or to void this Agreement unless the SELLER agrees in writing to a new Sale Price.	reduce the Sale P	ure to tue applaise(u value or all par	rues ag
receipt of such written documentation of the appraised value, the BUYER,		경기 영경 가는 하는 것이 없는 것이 하는 것이 없다. 사람이 없다.		
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to or greater than the Sale Price, the BUYER shall pay the Sale Price agre				
APPRAISAL: This sale is NOT conditioned on appraisal. This sale the Sale Price. The SELLER agrees to provide the utilities and access for a to or greater than the Sale Price, the BUYER shall pay the Sale Price agree	IS conditioned on	Alex amounts of all the		1

DATE

5) If the BUYER timely terminates the Agreement after having received the leases or assessments, as set forth in lines 449 165 through 454169 of this Agreement;

6) If the SELLER is unable to timely deliver to the BUYER an approved sewerage and/or water inspection report as set forth in lines 2022 261 through 244261;

7) If the SELLER chooses not to repair or replace the sewer system(s) servicing the Property as per the SEPTICAWATER WELL ADDENDUM, and the BUYER terminates the agreement as a result thereof;

*) If the SELLER chooses not to repair or replace the private water well system(s) as per the SEPTICWATER WELL ADDENDUM, and the BUYER terminates the agreement as a result thereof.

LEASE SYSPECIAL ASSESSMENTS: The sale is conditioned upon the BUYER'S receipt of a copy of all written leases, excluding mineral leases, and unpaid special assessments from the SELLER within five calendar days of acceptance of the Agreement. Special assessments shall mean an assessment levied on Property to pay the cost of local improvements imposed by local governmental/governing authority. The BUYER will have **five calendar days** after receipt of the aforementioned documents to notify the SELLER whether they are acceptable to the BUYER. Security deposits, keys/access and leases are to be transferred to the BUYER at Act of Sale.

NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION: If the property to be sold is completed new construction, under construction, or to be constructed, check one:

172	70-70		
173	A new home construction addendum	, with additional terms and conditions ,	is attached.
174			

175 There is no new home construction addendum.

INSPECTION AND DUE DILIGENCE PERIODPROPERTY CONDITION:

THE BUYER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE SALE PRICE OF THE PROPERTY WAS NEGOTIATED BASED UPON THE PROPERTY'S APPARENT CURRENT CONDITION; ACCORDINGLY, THE SELLER IS NOT OBLIGATED TO MAKE REPAIRS TO THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING REPAIRS REQUIRED BY THE LENDER UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED HEREIN. THE SELLER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE PROPERTY IN SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME OR BETTER CONDITION AS IT WAS WHEN THE AGREEMENT WAS FULLY EXECUTED.

The BUYER shall have an inspection and due diligence period of (______) calendar days, commoning the first day after acceptance of this Agreement wherein, the BUYER may, at the BUYER's expense, have any inspections made by experts or others of his choosing. Such physical inspections may include, but are not limited to, inspections for termities and other wood destroying insects, and/or damage from same, molder, and fungi hazards, and analysis of synthetic stucce, drywall, appliances, structures, foundations, roof, he aling, cecling, electrical, plumbing eyetoms, utility and cower availability and condition, out buildings, and square feetage. Other due diligence by the BUYER may include, but to not limited to investigation into the property's school district, incurability, fleed zone classifications, current zoning and/or subdivision restrictive covenants and any items addressed in the SELLER's Property Disclosure Decument. All testing shall be nondestructive testing. The SELLER agrees to provide the utilities for inspections and immediate access. Inspection period will be extended by the same number of days that the BUYER is not granted immediate access to the property or all utilities are not provided by the SELLER. If the BUYER is not satisfied with the inspection and due diligence period.

DUE

DUE DILIGENCE PERIOD AND INSPECTION PERIOD:

Faccestance or this Agreement occurs, the BUYER shall have a Due Dilicence and Inspection Period (hereinafter "DDI Period") commencing on the first day after acceptance of this Agreement and expiring (#.) calendar days after commencement OR upon the date and time the BUYER's Request to the SELLER is received as set forth in line 216 whichever is earlier. The SELLER agrees to provide the utilities for any due diligence and inspections and immediate access to the Property. The inspection and due diligence period will be extended by the same number of days that the BUYER is not granted immediate access to the Property or all utilities are not provided by the SELLER.

Effect of BUYER'S Failure to Timely Provide Written Termination or BUYER'S Request: Failure of the BUYER to timely provide written notice of termination or a written BUYER'S Request as described in lines 202 through 250 below prior to the expiration of the DDI Period shall be deemed as acceptance by the BUYER of the Property's current condition.

ODI Period Activities: During the inspection and due diligence period the BUYER may, at the BUYER'S expense, have any inspections made by experts or others of his choosing. Such physical inspections may include, but are not limited to, inspections for termites and other wood

BUYER'S Initials BUYER'S Initials Page 5 of 10 SELLER'S Initials SELLER'S Initials
BUYER'S Initials BUYER'S Initials SELLER'S Initials

Rev. 01/01/2022

ABS Rev. 01/01/19





destroying insects, and/or damage from same, molds, and fungi hazards, and analysis of synthetic stucco, drywall, appliances, structures, foundations, roof, heating, cooling, electrical, plumbing systems, utility and sewer, including but not limited to septic tanks and pump grinder systems availability and condition, out-buildings, and square footage. Other due diligence by the BUYER may include, but is not limited to investigation into the Property's school district, insurability, flood zone classifications, current zoning and/or subdivision restrictive covenants and any items addressed in the SELLER'S Property Disclosure Document. All testing shall be nondestructive testing.

BUYER'S OPTIONS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE DDI PERIOD: If the BUYER is not satisfied with the condition of the Property or the results of the BUYER'S due diligence or investigation, the BUYER may choose one of the following options prior to the expiration of the DDI Period:

OPTION 1:

 A The BUYER may elect, in writing, to terminate the Agreement and declare the Agreement null and void ; or

Effect of the BUYER'S Termination the Agreement pursuant to Option 1: If the BUYER elects to terminate this Agreement in writing, the Agreement shall be automatically ipso facto null and void with no further action required by either party except for return of Deposit to the BUYER.

OPTION 2:

- A. The BUYER may present a single, complete written list to the Seller of the deficiencies and desired remedies ("BUYER'S Request").
- B. If the BUYER selects Option 2, the following process shall apply:
 - (a) SELLER'S Resonate to BUYER'S Request: If provided a BUYER'S REQUEST, the SELLER shall respond in writing as to
 the SELLER'S willingness to or refusal to remedy any deficiencies identified in the BUYER'S Request. Seller's written response shall
 be provided to the BUYER within 72 hours of receipt of the BUYER'S Request ("SELLER'S Response").
 - (b) Effect of SELLER'S Failure to Timely Respond to the BUYER'S Request: If the SELLER fails to timely respond to the BUYER'S Request in writing within the required time frame, then the BUYER shall have 72 hours from when the SELLER'S Response was due to notify the SELLER in writing that the BUYER will:
 - ii) accept the Property in its current condition; or
 - (ii) elect to terminate this Agreement.
 - <u>6</u>) <u>Effect of the BUYER'S Failure to Timely Respond to SELLER'S Failure to Timely Respond: If the BUYER fails to provide this notice (lines 224 through 229) in writing within the required time frame, the Agreement shall be automatically, with no further action required by either party, ipso facto null and void except for return of Deposit to the BUYER.</u>
 - (a) BUYER'S Response to SELLER'S Response: Should the SELLER in the SELLER'S Response refuse to remedy any or all the deficiencies listed by the BUYER, then the BUYER shall have 72 hours from receipt of the SELLER'S Response or 72 hours from the date that the SELLER'S Response was due, whichever is earlier, to take one of the following actions ("BUYER'S Response"). The BUYER'S Response shall be provided to the SELLER in writing.
 - (f) accept the SELLER'S Response to the BUYER'S Request, or
 - (ii) accept the Property in its current condition, or
 - (iii) to elect to terminate this Agreement in writing which shall automatically make the Agreement ipso facto null and void with no further action required by either party except for the return of Deposit to the BUYER.
 - (b) Effect of BUYER'S Failure to Timely Respond to SELLER'S Response: If the BUYER fails to respond to the SELLER'S Response within the time specified, then the Agreement shall be automatically, with no further action required by either party, ipso facto null and wold except for return of Deposit to the BUYER.

Upon receipt of the written BUYER'S Response to the SELLER'S Response, the SELLER shall not be required to remedy any additional deficiencies requested by the BUYER unless the parties enter into an additional agreement in writing.

BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials	Page 6 of 10	SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials
BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials		SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials

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DATE

Option 2: The BUYER may indicate in writing the deficiencies and desired remedies and the SELLER will within seventy two (72) hours respond in writing as to the SELLER'S willingnose to remody those deficiencies ("SELLER'S Response").

PERIOD SHALL BE	DEEMED AS ACCEPTANCE BY	THE BUYER OF THE PROPE	H180, WITHIN THE INSPECT RTYS CURRENT CONDITIO	N.
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☐ There is NO priva	ate water system (s) servicing onl	y the primary residence.		
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and to insure all agreed upon repairs have been completed. The SELLER agrees to provide utilities for the final walk through and immediate access to the Property.

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DEFAULT OF AGREEMENT BY THE SELLER; In the event of any default of this Agreement by the SELLER, the BUYER shall at the BUYER'S option have the right to declare this Agreement null and void with no further demand, or to demand and/or sue for any of the following:

304 30.5

- 1) Termination of this Agreement;
- 306 2) Specific performance;

307 308

3) Termination of this Agreement and an amount equal to 10% of the Sale Price as stipulated damages.

309 310

Further, the BUYER shall be entitled to the return of the Deposit. The prevailing party to any litigation brought to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall be awarded their attorney fees and costs. The SELLER may also be liable for Broker fees.

311 312

DEFAULT OF AGREEMENT BY BUYER: In the event of any default of this Agreement by the BUYER, the SELLER shall have at the SELLER'S option the right to declare this Agreement null and void with no further demand, or to demand and sue for any of the following:

313 314 315

- 1) Termination of this Agreement;
- 316 2) Specific performance;

317 318

3) Termination of this Agreement and an amount equal to 10% of the Sale Price as stipulated damages.

319 320 321 Further, the SELLER shall be entitled to retain the Deposit. The prevailing party to any litigation brought to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall be awarded their attorney fees and costs. The BUYER may also be liable for Broker fees.

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MOLD RELATED HAZARDS NOTICE: An informational pamphlet regarding common mold related hazards that can affect real property is available at the EPA website http://www.epa.go.wlag.molds/index.html. By initialing this page of the Agreement, the BUYER acknowledges that the real estate agent has provided the BUYER with the EPA website enabling the BUYER to obtain information regarding common mold related

OFFENDER NOTIFICATION: The Louisiana State Police maintains the State Sex Offender and Child Predator Registry through the Louisiana Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information. It is a public access database of the locations of individuals who are required to register pursuant to LA R.S. 15:540, et seq. The website for the database is http://www.lsp.org/socpr/default.html, Sheriff and police departments serving jurisdictions of 450,000 also maintain such information. Inquiries can be made by phone at 1-800-858-0551 or 1 226 926 6100. Send written inquiries to Post Office Box 66614, Box A-6, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70896.

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FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION: An informational website regarding flood hazards that can affect real property is available at the FEMA website https://msc.fema.gov/portal.

CHOICE OF LAW: This Agreement shall be governed by and shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Louisiana.

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DEADLINE 5: TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE and all deadlines are final, except where modifications, changes, or extensions are made in writing and signed by all parties to this Agreement. All "calendar days" as used in this Agreement or as put forth in this Agreement shall end at 11:59 p.m. in Louisiana

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ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS:

BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S

BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials	Page 8 of 10	SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials
BUYER'S Initials	BUYER'S Initials		SELLER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials

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thereof, may be exec	cuted in two or more counterpar	ts, all of which shall constitut	e one and the same Agreement-	•
NOTICES AND OTH	IER COMMUNICATIONS: All no	otices requests claims den	nands, and other communication	ns related to or required b
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(a) mail, (b) hand d	elivery; (c) overnight delivery; (d) facsimile, (e) email, or (f)	other e-signature transmission	s addressed to the respe
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PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (ADDRESS, CITY, S	TATE ZIP)		DAT
The BUYER further authorizes his or her	r agent to electronically deliver noti	see and ether communication	ns to the omail address he
she provided to his or her agent. Fu communications to be delivered to the fo	uthermore, the Buyer authorizes		
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The SELLER further authorized his or he she provide to his or her agent. Fu semmunications to be delivered to the fe	rthermore, the Seller authorizes	ices and ether communicatio the Buyer's agent to electr	ns to the omail address he onically deliver notices a
SELLER's Agont amail address (bs)			
The authorization contained in this Section is not ar	n authorization for the Buyer's agen	t to communicate directly with	nthe Seller or a Seller's age
CONTRACT: This is a legally binding contract w understand the effect of any part of this Agreeme remedy provided herein.			
ENTIRE AGREEMENT: This Agreement constitute herein in writing are void and of no force and effect		the parties, and any other	agreements not incorporati
EXPIRATION OF OFFER:			
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must be communicated to the oriening party by the	deadime stated on the 400 to be t	illiumg and ellective.	
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Date/Time AM PM NOON	Date/Time
Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)	Print Buyer's/Seller's Full Name (First, Middle, Last)
This offer was presented to the Seller Buyer by Seller	Buyer by
Day/ Date/ Time AAM PM:NOONAM PM NOON	
	icant additions and deletions between the 2019 Louisiana the 2022 Louisiana Residential Agreement to Buy or Sell. on of the two documents.



PROPERTY DISCLOSURE EXEMPTION FORM

In accordance with LSA-R.S. 9:3196-3200, a SELLER of residential real property must furnish BUYERS with a Property Disclosure Document. A complete copy of these statutes can be found at http://www.legis.la.gov/. The required Property Disclosure Document may be in the form promulgated by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission ("Commission") or in another form that contains substantially the same information. The Commission form can be found at www.lrec.gov.

WHO IS REQUIRED TO MAKE DISCLOSURE? ALL SELLERS are required to make written disclosure of known defects* regarding a property being transferred. A SELLER'S obligation to furnish a Property Disclosure Document applies to any transfer of any interest in residential real property, whether by sale, exchange, bond for deed, lease with option to purchase, etc. The following transfers are exempt from the requirement to provide a property disclosure document:

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

1.	Transfers ordered by a court, including but not limited to a transfer ordered by a court in the administration of an estate, a transfer pursuant to a writ of execution, a transfer by any foreclosure sale, a transfer by a trustee in bankruptcy, a transfer by eminent domain, and any transfer resulting from a decree of specific performance.
2.	Transfers to a mortgagee by a mortgagor or successor in interest who is in default.
3.	Transfers by a mortgagee who has acquired the residential real property at a sale conducted pursuant to a power of sale under a mortgage or a sale pursuant to decree of foreclosure, or who has acquired the residential property by a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
4.	Transfers by a fiduciary in the course of administration of a decedent's estate, guardianship, conservatorship, or trust.
5.	Transfers of newly constructed residential real property, which has never been occupied.
6.	Transfers from one or more co-owners solely to one or more of the remaining co-owners.
7.	Transfers from the succession executor or administrator pursuant to testate or intestate succession.
8.	Transfers of residential real property that will be converted by the BUYER into a use other than residential use.
9.	Transfers of residential real property to a spouse or relative in the line of consanguinity (blood line).
10.	Transfers between spouses resulting from a judgment of divorce or a judgment of separate maintenance or from a property settlement agreement incidental to such a judgment.
11.	Transfers or exchanges to or from any governmental entity.
12.	Transfers from an entity that has acquired title or assignment of a real estate contract to a piece of residential real property to assist the prior owner in relocating, as long as the entity makes available to the BUYER a copy of the property disclosure statement, any inspection reports if any furnished to the entity by the prior owner, or both.
13.	Transfers to an inter vivos trust.
14.	Acts that, without additional consideration and without changing ownership or ownership interest, confirm, correct, modify, or supplement a deed or conveyance previously recorded.
15.	NONE OF THE EXEMPTIONS ABOVE APPLY TO THE SELLER(S).

Exemption Form Page 1 of 2

- * Known defect or defect is a condition found within the property that was actually known by the SELLER and that results in one or all of the following:
 - (a) It has a substantial adverse effect on the value of the property.
 - (b) It significantly impairs the health or safety of future occupants of the property.
 - (c) If not repaired, removed, or replaced, significantly shortens the expected normal life of the property.

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	he/she is exempt from filling out the knowledge of known defects to t		
SELLER (sign)	(print)_	Date	Time
SELLER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
	OR		
	d this Exemption page. SELLER does ELLER will complete the Property Di		emptions listed on this
SELLER (sign)	(print)	Date_	Time
SELLER (sign)	(print)	Date_	Time
SELLER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
SELLER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
Received by:			
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date_	Time
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time
BUYER (sign)	(print)	Date	Time

Exemption Form Page 2 of 2

PROPERTY DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

In accordance with LSA-R.S. 9:3196-3200, a SELLER of residential real property must furnish BUYERS with a Property Disclosure Document. A complete copy of these statutes can be found at www.legis.la.gov. The required Property Disclosure Document may be in the form promulgated by the Louisiana Real Estate Commission ("Commission") or in another form that contains substantially the same information. The Commission form can be found at www.lrec.state.la.us.

RIGHTS OF BUYER AND CONSEQUENCES FOR FAILURE TO DISCLOSE: If the Property Disclosure Document is delivered after the BUYER makes an offer, the BUYER can terminate any resulting real estate contract or withdraw the offer for up to 72 hours after receipt of the Property Disclosure Document. This termination or withdrawal will be without penalty to the BUYER and any deposit or earnest money must be promptly returned to the BUYER (despite any agreement to the contrary).

DUTIES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSEES AND CONSEQUENCES FOR FAILURE TO FULFILL SUCH DUTIES: Louisiana law requires real estate licensees to inform their clients of those clients' duties and rights in connection with the Property Disclosure Document. Failure to inform could subject the licensee to censure or suspension or revocation of their license, as well as fines. The licensee is not liable for any error, inaccuracy, or omission in a Property Disclosure Document, unless the licensee has actual knowledge of the error, inaccuracy, or omission by the SELLER.

KEY DEFINITIONS:

Residential real property or property is real property consisting of one or not more than four residential dwelling units, which are buildings or structures each of which are occupied or intended for occupancy as single-family residences.

Known defect or defect is a condition found within the property that was actually known by the SELLER and that results in one or all of the following:

- (a) It has a substantial adverse effect on the value of the property.
- (b) It significantly impairs the health or safety of future occupants of the property.
- (c) If not repaired, removed, or replaced, significantly shortens the expected normal life of the property.

OTHER IMPORTANT PROVISIONS OF THE LAW:

- A Property Disclosure Document shall NOT be considered a warranty by the SELLER.
- A Property Disclosure Document is for disclosure purposes only; it is not intended to be part of any contract between the SELLER and the BUYER.
- The Property Disclosure Document may not be used as a substitute for any inspections or warranties that the BUYERS or SELLER may obtain.
- Nothing in this law precludes the rights or duties of a BUYER to inspect the physical condition of the property.
- The SELLER shall not be liable for any error, inaccuracy, or omission, of any information required to be delivered to the BUYERS if the error, inaccuracy, or omission, was not a willful misrepresentation, according to the best of the SELLER's information, knowledge and belief or was based on information provided by a public body or another person with a professional license or special knowledge, who provided a written or oral report or opinion that the SELLER reasonably believed to be correct and

BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:
RPDD Rev. 1/1/2001/01/22	BLIVER'S Initials	SELLER'S Initials	Page 2 of ₹11

which was transmitted by the SELLER to the BUYER.

The following representations are made by the SELLER and **NOT** by any real estate licensee.It is not a substitute for any inspections or professional advice the BUYER may wish to obtain.

The following information is based only upon the SELLER's actual knowledge of the property. The SELLERcan only disclose what the SELLER actually knows. The SELLER may not know about all material or significant items affecting

Y = Yes N = No NK = No Knowledge

		S	SECTION 1:	LAND	
(1)	What is the length of	ownership of the pr	operty by the SEI	LER?	
(2)	Lot size or acres				
(3)	Are you aware of any servitudes, that would			g the property, other	than typical/customary utility
(4)	Are you aware of any Timber rights Right of ingress or eg Right of way Right of access Servitude of passage Servitude of drainage	gress Y		Comm Minera Surfac Air righ Usufru	
(5)					as a wetland by the United State
The Coermit	Clean Water Act is a fect trequirements for alter eers. The Corps may a	nall be attached and deral law that protecting or building on prossess a fee to the \$	nd becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because or BUYE	rt of this Property I the United States. Seen determined a we R of a property for the	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property that
he Coermitengin	clean Water Act is a fect trequirements for alter eers. The Corps may a leen determined a wetland water for alter the corps may a leen determined a wetland and the corps may also any flooding, water for all of the corps may also any flooding, water for all of the corps may be supported by the corps are supported by t	deral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the sand may result in ad	nd becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because or BUYE ditional costs for ation, or drainage in property?	rt of this Property I f the United States. Seen determined a we iR of a property for the a Section 404 permi	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property the it.
he Coermitengin	clean Water Act is a fect requirements for alter eers. The Corps may a een determined a wetland water for alter the determined a wetland and for the left each of the left each	deral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the sand may result in addresses. Fintrusion, accumulation of the security of the	and becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because of BUYE diditional costs for ation, or drainage in property?	rt of this Property It is the United States. Seen determined a wire RR of a property for the a Section 404 perminer problem been expect the end of this seet	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property the it. Prienced with respect to the land the item.
he Coermitengin	clean Water Act is a fect trequirements for alter eers. The Corps may a seen determined a wetland the arry flooding, water (a) during the time the lf yes, indicate the	deral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the sand may result in addresses. Fintrusion, accumulation of the secure of the se	nd becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because of the second of the secon	rt of this Property I the United States. Seen determined a we R of a property for the Section 404 permi	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property the it. Brienced with respect to the land this contains are retrienced with retrienced with retrienced with the retrienced with retrienced wi
The Coermit Engineras be (6) I	clean Water Act is a fect requirements for alter eers. The Corps may a een determined a wetlater Act is any flooding, water (a) during the time the lifyes, indicate the What is/are the flood act mation? Check all that a Survey/Date	leral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand frequence of the standard frequence of the sta	and becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because of the wetlands of roperty? ation, or drainage in property? and of the defect a perpenty? and of the property? and of the property? and of the property?	rt of this Property It if the United States. Seen determined a we is of a property for the affection 404 perminer problem been expected the end of this seet What is the	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property that it. Perienced with respect to the land this land. BY NK tion.
he Coermitingin as be	clean Water Act is a fect requirements for alter eers. The Corps may a een determined a wetlater Act is any flooding, water (a) during the time the lifyes, indicate the What is/are the flood act remation? Check all that	leral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand frequence of the standard frequence of the sta	and becomes a parts the wetlands of roperty that has because of the wetlands of roperty? ation, or drainage in property? and of the defect a perpenty? and of the property? and of the property? and of the property?	rt of this Property It if the United States. Seen determined a we is of a property for the affection 404 perminer problem been expected the end of this seet What is the	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property that it. Perienced with respect to the land this land. BY NK tion.
he Cerminging as both (6) I	clean Water Act is a fect requirements for alter eers. The Corps may a een determined a wetlater Act is any flooding, water (a) during the time the lifyes, indicate the What is/are the flood act mation? Check all that a Survey/Date	leral law that protecting or building on prissess a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand may result in addresses a fee to the stand frequence of the standard frequence of the sta	ts the wetlands of the property? I we wetlands of the wetlands of the property? I we wetlands of the wetlands of the property? I we wetlands of the property?	rt of this Property It if the United States. Seen determined a we is of a property for the affection 404 perminer problem been expected the end of this seet What is the	Disclosure Document. Section 404 of the Act contains retland by the Army Corps of this determination. A property that it. Perienced with respect to the land this land. BY NK tion.

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	ON (ADDRESS, CITY, STATE ZIP)					_
Question Number	Explanation of "Yes" answers	Additional sh	eet is attached			
						_
SECTION 2:	TERMITES, WOOD-D	ESTROYING	3 INSECTS A	ND ORGA	NISMS	
(a) during the ti (b) prior to the (c) Was there a	perty ever had termites or other w ime the SELLER owned the proper time the SELLER owned the proper any damage to the property? mage repaired?	erty?	sects or organisms	6? □ Y □ Y □ Y	□ N □ N	□ NK
	erty is currently under a termite co	•	•			
	ompany					
	ract expires					_
(c) List any st	ructures not covered by contract					_
Question Number	Explanation of "Yes" answers	☐ Additional sh	eet is attached			
-	-					
	SECTION 3	B: STRUCTU	JRE(S)			
(8) (10) What is th	ne approximate age of all structure	es on property?	Main structure _ Other structures			_
time the SELLI	e been any additions or alterations ER owned the property? e necessary permits and inspection			□Y	□ N	
or alterations?		one obtained for e	in additione	□ Y	\square N	□ NF
(10) (12)-What is th	ne approximate age of the roof of	each structure?	Main structure _ Other structures			_
(11) (13) Are you aw	vare of any defects regarding the	following? Check	all that apply and i	f yes, explain a	t the end o	of
Roof Interi Floor	ior walls YNN YNN spaces YNN		Irrigation system Ceilings Exterior walls Foundation Basement	□ Y □ Y □ Y □ Y] N] N] N] N] N
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S	Initials:	SELLER'S Init	ials:	_
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S	Initials:	SELLER'S Init	ials:	_
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PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (AD	DRESS, CITY, STATE ZIP)				
Steps/Stain Pool Decks Windows	vays	Overhangs Railings Spa Patios Other	Y		□ N □ N □ N
(14) Has any structure on the	ne property ever flooded by	rising water or otherwise?			
		perty?	o Vo N		
			a Ya Na NK		
		ect at the end of this section.			
, , ,			n Yn N		
	of the policy declatations pa				
		at will be shared with BUYER?	a Ya Na NK		
property damage, exc (a) during the time th (b) prior to the time th	cluding flood damage refere e SELLER owned the propo ne SELLER owned the prop	erty?	□ Y □ Y	g, or othe	r □ NK
(13) (18) Has there been a	ny foundation repair?				
(b) prior to the ti (c) Is there a tra	ne the SELLER owned the me the SELLER owned the nsferable warranty available e the name of warranty con	property? e?	□ Y □ Y □ Y	□ N □ N □ N	□ NK
(14)-(19)Does the propert or other synthetic stu Question Number Expla	000?	and finish system (EIFS) Additional sheet is attached	□Y	□N	□ NK
		isclosure on Lead-Based P			Paint
SECTI	ON 4: PLUMBING	, WATER, GAS, AND S	EWAGE		
(15)—(20)Are you aware of (a) during the time		oing system? property?	Y Y	□ N □ N	□NK
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Ini	tials:	
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Initials:	SELLER'S Ini	Walter Commencer	
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PROPERTY D	ESCRIPTION (AD	DRESS, CITY, STATE ZIP)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(16) (21) (a) (b) (c) (d)	during the time prior to the time The water is su Municipal How many priva	ity Private utility Cate wells service the prin	property? property? Dn-site system [☐ Shared well syst		□ N □ N	□ NK
(e)	If there are priva	ate wells, when was the	water last tested? Da	ite	Results		
(f)	Are you aware	of any polybutylene pipir	ng in the structure?		Y	\square N	□NK
		ice available to the prop			□ Y □] N [NK
(a) (b) (c)	If yes, are the	ype?		ane	ΠY	□ NK	
(18)—(23) (a) (b)	during the tir	own defects with any wa ne the SELLER owned t me the SELLER owned	he property?		□ Y □ Y	□ N □ N	□NK
(19)-(24) (a) (b)	How many p	rvice is supplied by:	rvice the primary resi	dence only?		□N	□NK
Question Nu	mber Expl	anation of "Yes" answer	s Additional she	eet is attached			
waste treatr	nent. connecte	orivate water/sewage dis d to a community se connected to a water sy	ewage system (i.e.	any sewage sy	stem which	serve n	
		ELECTRICAL, F					
3 - 60 - 61 - 62 - 63 - 63 - 63 - 63 - 63 - 63 - 63	- 100	2000 A 20	St. 11-04	COOLING, A	TELANO	LO	
(a) durir (b) prior (c) Are	ng the time the S to the time the you aware of an	vn defects with the elect SELLER owned the prop SELLER owned the prop y aluminum wiring in the	erty? perty? structure?		□ Y □ Y □ Y	□ N □ N □ N	□ NK
		vn defects with the heati SELLER owned the prop		6?	□Y	□N	
		SELLER owned the prop	perty?		□ Y	□ N	□NK
<u>(22)–(27)</u> lf a	tireplace(s) exi	sts, is it working?			□Y	\square N	□NK
BUYER'S Ini	tials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S In	nitials:	SELLER'S Initi	als:	_
BUYER'S Ini	tials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SELLER'S In	nitials:	SELLER'S Initi	als:	
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PROPE	RTY DESCRIPTION (ADDRESS, CITY, STATE ZIP)			-		
(23)—(28) Are there any known defects in any permanently installed or built-in appliances? (a) during the time the SELLER owned the property? (b) prior to the time the SELLER owned the property? Y N N N						
(24) ((24)	None					
Questio	n Number Explanation of "Yes" answers Additional sheet is attached					
	SECTION 6: FLOOD, FLOOD ASSISTANCE, AND FLOOD IN	SURA	NCE			
(25) land:	(6) Has any flooding, water intrusion, accumulation, or drainage problem been experienced	with res	spect to	<u>the</u>		
	(a) during the time the SELLER owned the property? If yes, indicate the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.		Y \ \ \ \			
	(b) prior to the time the SELLER owned the property?		YN	<u> NK</u>		
(0.0)	If yes, indicate the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.					
(26)	(14) Has any structure on the property ever flooded, by rising water, water intrusion or other		v \square N			
	(a) during the time the SELLER owned the property?		Y N			
	(b) prior to the time the SELLER owned the property?		YN	<u>NK</u>		
(0.7)	If yes, give the nature and frequency of the defect at the end of this section.					
<u>(27)</u>	Check all that apply.	_		iation?		
	Survey/Date Elevation Certificate/Date FEMA Flood Map - https://msc.fema.gov/portal	Other	/Date			
	https://www.floodsmart.gov/flood-map-zone/find-yours					
	Other: (please provide)					
<u>(28)</u>	map prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the federal law, i.e., (42 Useq.), mandates that prospective purchasers be advised that flood insurance may be requi	J.S.C. §	4104a, e conditio	et on of		
(29)	(15) Is there flood insurance on the property?		Y N			
	IF YES, A COPY OF THE POLICY DECLARATIONS PAGE SHALL BE ATTACHED AND THIS PROPERTY DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT.) BECO	ME PAR	<u>CT OF</u>		
	PRIVATE FLOOD INSURANCE					
(30)	(16) Does SELLER have a flood elevation certificate that will be shared with BUYER?		Y 🗆 N			
<u>(31)</u>	Has the SELLER made a private flood insurance claim for this property?		Y N	□_NK		
BUYER	R'S Initials: SELLER'S Initials: SELLER'S Initials: SELL	ER'S Init	ials:			
BUYER	2'S Initials: SELLER'S Initials: SELLER'S Initials: SELL	ER'S Init	ials:			
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PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION (AI	DDRESS, CITY, STATE ZIF	P)			· ·
(a)	If YES, was the	claim approved?				\square Y \square N \square NK
(b)	If YES, what wa	s the amount received?	>			
(32) Did	the previous own	er make a private flood	insurance clai	m for this property?	?	TY N NK
(a)	If YES, was clai	m approved?		201000		TY N NK
<u>(b)</u>	If YES, what wa	s the amount received?				TY N NK
		NATIONAL FLOO	DD INSURANC	E PROGRAM (NE	EIP)	
(33) Has	the SELLER ma	de a NFIP claim for this	property?			
(a)	If YES, was the	claim approved?				Y N NK
(b)	If YES, what wa	s the amount received?				
(34) Did	the previous own	er make a NFIP for this	property?			
(a)	If YES, was the	claim approved?				Y N NK
(b)	If YES, what wa	s the amount received?				
		FEDERA	L DISASTER	ASSISTANCE		
ass fed ma by of f	sistance and such eral law, i.e., 42 intain insurance a flood disaster, the SELLER's kn perty?	INSURANCE. If the SE in assistance was conditued used to the property and that the purchaser may not be purchaser may not be nowledge, has federal further which federal agency (ioned upon ob tes that prospe t if insurance is be eligible for a lood disaster a	taining and mainta octive purchasers b s not maintained ar odditional Federal f assistance been p	ining flood insura be advised that the nd the property is lood disaster assi	nce on the property, by will be required to thereafter damaged stance. To the best
	(b) If YES, wha	t was the amount receiv	red?			
	(c) If YES, wha	t was the purpose of the	e assistance (e	.g., elevation, mitig	ation, restoration)?
			ROAD HOME	PROGRAM		
(36) Was	SELLER a recip	pient of a Road Home o	rant?			Y N NK
If Y	ES, complete (a) Is the property s	er of the property a recip - (c.) below, subject to the Road Hon obtain and maintain flo	ne Declaration	of Covenants Run	ning with the Land	Or other
	maintain flood is	copy of the Road Home asurance on the propert ER OR PREVIOUS OW nt?	ν.			
Question N	umber Exp	lanation of "Yes" answe	ers Addition	al sheet is attached	<u>d</u>	
BUYER'S I	nitials:	BUYER'S Initials:	SEL	LER'S Initials:	SELLER'	S Initials:
BUYER'S I	- Carlos Carlos	BUYER'S Initials:	Tomas a	LER'S Initials:	SELLER'	
RPDD Rev.	1/1/20 01/01/22	BUYER'S Initials	SELLER'S Ini	tials		<u>Page 8 of </u> 7 11

	SECTION 67: N	IISCELLANEOUS			
(38) (30) Are you use of the proper	aware of any building restrictions or resperty or as to the type of construction ty?	strictive covenants which may or materials to be used in the	provide for r construction	restrictions of any of	structure
(39)-(31)What is t	he zoning of the property?				
Has it ever b	een zoned for commercial or industrial?	?		_ Y [] NK
	pperty located in an historic district? historic district?		(See attacl] N 🔲 N sure)
(41) (33) Are you a —and any zo	aware of any conflict with current usage ning, building, and/or safety restrictions	e of the property e?		□Y [□N
(42)-(34)Are you a	aware of any current governmental liens	s or taxes owing on the prope	erty?	□ Y [N
	ership in a homeowners' association (Foperty owners' association (POA) requi			□ Y [_ N
(a) Are a	any HOA, COA, or POA dues required?	>		□ Y [N
	s, what is the amount? \$p				
	here any current or pending special as			□ Y [_ N
If yes	s, what is the amount? \$pe	er	OA or POA	□Y [] N □ N
If yes		er	OA or POA.	□ Y [] N [] N
(c) Prov	s, what is the amount? \$pe ide contact information (name, e-mail o	er or phone number) for HOA, C			
Any information of condominium own ature. The cover obtained from the ocated. (44)—(36)	contained in this property discleners' associations (COA), or property and association governing conveyance records on file at the	or phone number) for HOA, Cooper regarding homeover operty owners' associated ocuments are a matter of the second control of the sec	wners' ass ions (POA) of public re arish wher	ociations	s (HOA) imary ii d can b operty i
Any information of condominium own ature. The cover obtained from the ocated. (44)—(36)	s, what is the amount? \$periode contact information (name, e-mail contained in this property discloners' associations (COA), or presents and association governing a conveyance records on file at the	or phone number) for HOA, Cooper regarding homeover operty owners' associated ocuments are a matter of the second control of the sec	wners' asso ions (POA) of public re parish wher	ociations) is sum cord and e the pro	s (HOA) mary ii d can b operty i ic
Any information of condominium own ature. The cover obtained from the ocated. (44) (36) Are the st (45) (37) Is there a	contained in this property discleners' associations (COA), or property and association governing conveyance records on file at the	or phone number) for HOA, Cooper regarding homeovoperty owners' associated documents are a matter the Clerk of Court in the process.	wners' asso ions (POA) of public re parish wher Private	ociations) is sum cord and e the pro	s (HOA mary i d can b operty i ic \(\text{NK}
Any information of condominium own ature. The cover obtained from the ocated. (44)—(36) Are the st (45)—(37) Is there and isclosed in (47)—(39) Has an arrival (a) during the	contained in this property discleners' associations (COA), or property and association governing conveyance records on file at the reets accessing the property homestead exemption in effect?	osure regarding homeovoperty owners' associated ocuments are a matter the Clerk of Court in the perty not previously	wners' asso ions (POA) of public re parish wher Private Y	ociations) is sum ecord and e the pro	s (HOA) mary in d can be perty in ic \(\text{NK} \)
Any information of condominium own ature. The cover obtained from the ocated. (44)—(36) Are the st (45)—(37) Is there and isclosed in (47)—(39) Has an arr (a) during the	contained in this property disclerants and association governing a conveyance records on file at the reets accessing the property homestead exemption in effect? In pending litigation regarding the property this document? In pending litigation regarding the property this document?	osure regarding homeovoperty owners' associated ocuments are a matter the Clerk of Court in the perty not previously	wners' asso ions (POA) of public re arish wher Private Y	ociations) is sum ecord and e the pro □ Publ □ N □ N	mary indican be operty is ic NK

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	ON (ADDRESS, CITY, STATE	ZIP)				
additional deta	roperty or any of its structualls at the end of this section	n				
Asbestos			□NK	Formaldehyde	Y_	
Radon gas Contaminated	l soil		∐ NK □ NK	Chemical storage Contaminated wa		
Hazardous wa	aste	□ Y □ N	□NK	Toxic Mold		
Mold/Mildew		\square Y \square N	□NK	Electromagnetic f	ields Y	N N
Contaminated	drywall/sheetrock	\square Y \square N	□ NK	Contaminated floo	oring Y	N N
Other adverse	e materials or conditions	\square Y \square N	□ NK			
	has there ever been an ille n the property?	gal laborator	y for the prod	duction or manufactu		hetamine □ N □ NK
(50) (42) Is there a c	avity created within a salt	stock by diss	olution with v	water underneath the	property? Y [□ N □ NK
(51)-(43) Is there a s	solution mining injection we	II within 2640) feet (1/2 mi	le) of the property?	□ Y [□N□NK
(52)—(44) Are there a	ny solar panels on the pro	perty?			□ Y [□N□NK
If yes, are they	y: Leased Owned	Removable	Monthly	Payment Amount		
- (45) Was SELLER	Rand/or previous owner a	recipient of a	ny of the folk	owing:	= NK	
	grant \$(amo)			
The state of the s	(amount receive	,				
	(amount receive					
	al disaster flood assistance	\$		(amount received	a)	
If YES, con	nplete (a) - (ei) below.					
	property subject to the Ro r other requirements to obt					— □ NK
	s, attach a copy of the Roants to obtain and maintain f				ner	
(e) Has S Grant Agre	ELLER personally assume ement?	ed any terms	of the Road	Home Program	□ Y	□ NK
(d) Has th	ne SELLER been a recipier	nt of any elev	ation grants	for this property?	□ Y	□ N
i.If YES, who	at is the amount received?					
	he previous owner of the phis property?	roperty a rec	ipient of any	elevation	- Y - N	□ NK
i.If YES, who	at was the amount received	1?				
Question Number	Explanation of "Yes" ans	swers Additi	onal sheet is	s attached		
-	-					
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:		SELLER'S I	nitials: SI	ELLER'S Initials:	
BUYER'S Initials:	BUYER'S Initials:		SELLER'S I		ELLER'S Initials:	
DO THE O HILLIAM.	DO LLIK D Inicials.		DEMININ OT	<u>D</u>	THURST O HILLIAIS.	
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 BUYER'S Initials:
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 SELLER'S Initials:

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 BUYER'S Initials:
 SELLER'S Initials:
 SELLER'S Initials:

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PROPERTY DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

All SELLERS are required to make written disclosure of known defects regarding a property being transferred. I/We attest that the above statements and explanations have been provided by me/us and are true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge. (If either party is represented by a real estate licensee, your signature below acknowledges that you have been informed of your duties and rights under LSA-R.S. 9:3196-3200 and have read and understand the informational statement.)

Seller(s) acknowledge(s) that the information contained herein is current as of the date shown below.

SELLER (sign)		(print)
	Time	
SELLER (sign)		(print)
Date	Time	
SELLER (sign)		(print)
Date	Time	
SELLER (sign)		(print)
Date	Time	
	nowledge(s) receipt of this prope	
Date	Time	
BUYER (sign)		(print)
Date	Time	
BUYER (sign)		(print)
Date	Time	
BUYER (sign)		(print)
	Time	

This redline is intended to reflect the significant additions and deletions between the 2020 Property Disclosure Document and the 2022 Property Disclosure Document. This redline is not a word by word comparison of the two documents.

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DISCLOSURE AND CONSENT TO DUAL AGENT DESIGNATED AGENCY



This document serves three purposes:

- It discloses that a real estate licensee may potentially act as a disclosed dual agent who
 represents more than one party to the transaction.
- 2. It explains the concept of disclosed dual agency.
- 3. It seeks your consent to allow the real estate agent to act as a disclosed dual agent.

A licensee may legally act as a dual agent only with your consent. By choosing to signthis document, your consent to dual agency representation is presumed. Before signingthis document, please read the following:

(List address of property, if known)
buyer (or lessee) and the seller (or lessor) for the sale or lease of property described as
and any subsequent designated agent(s) may undertake a dual representation represent both the $$
The undersigned designated agent(s)(Insert name(s) of licensee(s) undertaking dual representation)

The undersigned buyer (or lessee) and seller (or lessor) acknowledge that they were informed of the possibility of this type of representation. The licensee(s) will undertake this representation only with the written consent of ALL clients in the transaction.

Any agreement between the clients as to a final contract price and other terms is a result of negotiations between the clients acting in their own best interests and on their own behalf. The undersigned buyer (or lessee) and seller (or lessor) acknowledge that the licensee(s) has explained the implications of dual representation, including the risks involved. The undersigned buyer (or lessee) and seller (or lessor) acknowledge that they have been advised to seekindependent advice from their advisors or attorneys before signing any documents in this transaction.

What A Licensee Can Do for Clients When Acting as A Dual Agent

- Treat all clients honestly.
- Provide information about the property to the buyer (or lessee).
- Disclose all latent material defects in the property that are known to the licensee(s).
- Disclose financial qualifications of the buyer (or lessee) to the seller (or lessor).
- Explain real estate terms.
- Help the buyer (or lessee) to arrange for property inspections.
- Explain closing costs and procedures.
- Help the buyer compare financing alternatives.
- Provide information about comparable properties that have sold so that both clients may
 make educateddecisions on what price to accept or offer.

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What A Licensee Cannot Disclose to Clients When Acting as A Dual Agent

- Confidential information that the licensee may know about the clients, without that client's permission.
- The price the seller (or lessor) will take other than the listing price without permission of the seller (or lessor).
- The price the buyer (or lessee) is willing to pay without permission of the buyer (or lessee).

You are not required to sign this document unless you want to allow the licensee(s) to proceed as a dual agent(s), representing BOTH the buyer (or lessee) and the seller (or lessor) in this transaction. If you do not want the licensee(s) to proceed as a dual agent(s) and do not want to sign this document, please inform the licensee(s).

By signing below, you acknowledge that you have read and understand this form and voluntarily consent to the licensee(s) acting as a dual agent(s), representing BOTH the buyer (or lessee) and the seller (or lessor) should that become necessary.

Buyer or Lessee	Seller or Lessor
Date	Date
Buyer or Lessee	Seller or Lessor
Date	Date
Licensee	Licensee
Date	

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